Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

State Ticket.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS,
OF TIOGA COUNTY.

FOR STATE TREASURER,
WILLIAM B. HART,
OF DAUPHIN COUNTY.

County Ticket.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE,
DANIEL RHOADS,
BELLEFONTE.

TREASURER,
CYRUS GOSS,
FERGUSON TWP.

SHERIFF,
ROBERT COOKE, Jr.,
HOWARD.

COMMISSIONERS,
J. C. HENDERSON,
HUSTON TWP.,
JOHN D. DECKER,
POTTER TWP.

REGISTER,
T. M. GRAMLEY,
MILES TWP.

RECORDER,
JOHN F. HARTER,
MILLHEIM.

AUDITORS,
S. T. GRAY,
PATTON TWP.,
ANDREW GREGG,
POTTER TWP.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

It is not "pernicious partisan activity" to boom Cleveland.

Up to the hour of going to press the Hon. Sam Randall, of Pennsylvania, still outweighed the entire State of Kentucky.

Chauncey M. Depew will not be a Presidential candidate, because he believes there are unwarrantable prejudices against prominent railroad men.

Having knocked the chip from the French shoulder, Germany expresses a willingness to replace it that must make white-winged peace consider herself a novice.

When Mr. Grover Cleveland undertook to snub Gov. Foraker he attempted a very foolish thing. Who could hope to spread a snub all over four acres without being detected?

The possibility that Maryland will go Republican this year is developing into something like probability. The independent Democratic revolt in that State is every day becoming more threatening.

As it took twelve doctors to find out whether Jacob Sharp is able to go to Sing Sing, the next thing that may be expected is the summoning of a jury of experts to determine whether the Anarchists can stand the shock of being hanged.

The Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin* thinks that the elastic qualities of the "principles" of the Democratic party in New York is apparent in the declaration which endores David B. Hill in one paragraph and Grover Cleveland in the next.

The New York *Tribune* states a great truth when it says in its editorial, in reference to the petitions being signed for a commutation of the sentence of the condemned anarchists: "There are always fools to sympathize with murderers, but who never give a thought to their victims."

A telegram from Pittsburg says the American flint bottle and window glass workers of the country have formed an organization to prevent the importation of contract labor. They have raised a fund of $50,000, which will be used in prosecution of any manufacturer who attempts to import contract labor.

The charge is brought against Robert Cooke, Jr., by some of the kid-gloved democrats of the county who employ labor—therefore desire to control them with an iron hand—that he is a Knight of Labor. The charge is true and Robert does not deny it. Indeed, he glories in its truth. These gentlemen expect to make vote against him by proclaiming that he is *what* he is. Every laboring man in the county should see to it that he gets votes enough to upset all such methods of electioneering.

How The Constitution Was Made.

The statement made by Mr. Gladstone, in his response to the invitation to take part in the centennial of the American Constitution, that he "regarded it as the most remarkable work known to modern times to have been produced by human intellect at a single stroke, so to speak," is criticised in certain quarters in a manner to impeach the intelligence of the distinguished author and statesman. He is reminded that it is an error to suppose that the Constitution so wisely framed by the convention was the original work of its members, but some allowance is made for the misapprehension on his part since so many intelligent Americans entertain substantially the same view.

The history of the American Constitution shows that it was a plant of slow growth—an evolution rather than a creation from the brains and hands of the delegates composing the convention. At the outset two plans were submitted as a basis, neither of which was adopted in preparing the skeleton or outline. The members were searching for something practicable—something that would stand the test of time by meeting all reasonable objections and prejudices—and the then existing State Constitutions served as invaluable aids, inasmuch as the sonndness of many of their features had been demonstrated by experience. The main provisions of the Constitution were gathered in this way, and the instrument represents the careful study and experience of the sagacious statesmen who had embodied their wisdom in the Constitutions of the "original thirteen States."

While all this is true, it does not follow that Mr. Gladstone believes that the Constitution was entirely original with the convention, and that it was their work both as regards its conception and the arrangement of its details. His language does not warrant any such construction. When it is recollected that he was looking back over a whole century of progress and was perfectly familiar with the fact that no material changes had been made in the instrument until the period of the war, he could very properly speak of it as the "most remarkable work produced by human intellect at a single stroke, so to speak." The convention gave it verbal form in the short period of four months, and, compared with the growth of the British Constitution, it has not been inaptly described as the product of "a single stroke."

The President's Trip.

President Cleveland, of "Jeffersonian simplicity" fame, is traveling in such high state as was never before known in this country. All the surroundings of himself and wife are gorgeous and costly. That's all right for the President of the United States, but don't become one who affects simplicity.

To make the matter worse, the President permits the statement to be made public that he pays for all this fuss and feather. No one believes this assertion, and to make it, when it is not true, is false and contemptible.

It seems that Mrs. Cleveland is not content with snubbing Governor Foraker and his agreeable wife, but she also declines to call on the widow of the late Vice President Hendricks. Is Mrs. Cleveland angry because when the two gentlemen were candidates on the same ticket, it was generally conceded that Hendricks should have been the head and Cleveland the tail? In intelligence and statesmanship the candidate for vice president was far superior. It will not do for Mrs. Cleveland to treat Mrs. Hendricks indifferently, for while the Nation has been attracted by the former's beauty, it loves Mrs. Hendricks more and owes more to her. In brief, it would have been better for Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland to have remained in Washington.

Mr. John H. Oberly, the Democratic member of the Civil Service Commission from Illinois, has not been distinguished in his career as a politician for those virtues which are commonly attributed to non-partisans. On the contrary, 'Bishop' Oberly has for some years past been a Democratic worker in Illinois who believed in the old-fashioned ways of managing a party. But as Civil Service Commissioner a surprising change has suddenly come over his political views. Last week he found occasion for writing a long letter to the members of the Illinois Democratic Association, in which he tells them that he cannot participate with them in their meetings and in which he plainly intimates that it would be best for them to disband. This organization is made up in the main of Democrats from Illinois who hold office under the Federal government and reside in Washington. It is obvious that Oberly looks upon civil service reform as a strong card for the Democratic party to play, but it will be a long time before he will be able to induce many of the practical political politicians among the leaders of the Democracy to take the same view of it.

The Issue as it Is.

In every way Mr. Daniel Rhoads has demonstrated himself to be the proper man to fill the position of associate judge. Before the third-term party made a nomination for that office representatives of that party approached Mr. Rhoads and asked him to make them promises. This, like an honorable man, he refused to do. About the same time he was approached by members of the whisky interest and asked to pledge himself in their favor. It is most unnecessary to say that this, too, he declined to do. We submit that such a course was the proper one. The upright judge must go to the bench entirely untrammelled by pledges of any kind. It would have been well, perhaps, for the whiskey interest had they permitted matters to rest in this condition.

But the conviction is brought home to us and to every observer of current events, that the liquor men are making desperate efforts to accomplish the defeat of Mr. Rhoads, and to that end are trading in the interest of Mr. Grove. We have heard of one whiskey sympathiser who lives here in Bellefonte who has made such bargains repeatedly and offers to make one hundred votes for Mr. Grove ere the campaign closes. This proves, beyond doubt, that Mr. Grove has promised them that he will drag down the upright purity of the bench and manipulate it in their interest. Is there a man in this broad county whose sense of judicial propriety is so dead that he will vote for one who would so disgrace not only himself but also trail the judicial ermine in the dust? We cannot believe that anyone, except persons financially interested, will do so. We must believe that the whiskey men, in forcing this issue, have overreached themselves.

Appointing a commission to negotiate with Great Britain for a settlement of the disputes growing out of the question connected with the rights of American fishermen in the waters of Canada and Newfoundland indicates that the Administration does not propose to exercise the powers given by Congress at last session. If the London *Times* is to be listened to on that side of the water, Great Britain will take no further action in the matter until the Senate of the United States makes some intimation that this Government will be bound by the result arrived at. It is even thought in this country that in such a matter the opinion of the people voiced by their representatives in Congress should have some weight.

The Democratic convention in Philadelphia, on Thursday, nominated John P. Sensenderfer for city commissioner. His opponent in the nominating convention was Peter Monroe. Mr. M's defeat rendered him so angry that he attempted to kill one of the leaders of the opposition. He walked into the Girard House, where George McGowan and others were discussing the events of the day. He seems to have been particularly incensed against Mr. McGowan as he leveled a revolver at him, pulling the trigger three times. The instrument would not fire, which averted a tragedy.

A vote will be taken in Dakota next November on the proposition to divide the Territory. The probability is that the movement will be successful. Two years hence, therefore, when the Republicans will have a majority in the lower branch of Congress, there will be two States of Dakota instead of one to be admitted. This will add four to the Republican strength in the Senate and three or four in the House. The Democrats would have done well, from a partisan standpoint, if they had admitted Dakota when it sought admission as a single State.

This is the way the Centre County *Times* makes sport of the present Democratic county ticket: "It is conceded on all sides that the Democrats of Centre county never had a better ticket in the field than at present." Come, now, that's very rough on the former tickets. We have examined the present ticket pretty carefully and have just about concluded that it is the poorest one ever thought of.

Miss Phebe Couzins has applied to the President for the appointment of United States Marshall for the Eastern District of Missouri, to fill out the unexpired term of her father, who has just died. She is a lawyer and her chances for the appointment are said to be good.

Temperance or License.

The liquor men all over the county are doing the best they can for John Grove for associate Judge. They are willing to trade off any part of the democratic ticket to secure a vote for associate judge. They recognize the fact that the election of Grove means free whiskey, as far as the influence of the court goes, while the election of Daniel Rhoads would signify purity on the bench. Grove has made pledges to the whiskey interest; Rhoads has and will make no pledges. All right, gentlemen, we throw down the gauntled. We present Mr. Rhoads to the people of Centre county as a pure man, a man who will make no corrupt bargains, a man no will act, when the time comes, for right and justice, for the purity of our homes; for order, sobriety, temperance, morality. Mr. Rhoads is a temperance man, and on the bench his influence will go for the promotion of good order and temperance among our people. Mr. Grove is the candidate of the whiskey ring and his influence on the bench will go to the side of drunkenness, disorder, riot, blood-shed, crime of every sort. Now, choose ye whom ye will have to serve you in the administration of the law. This is one of the most important questions to be decided at this election—whether we will have a court in favor of temperance and order, or whether we will have a court that will license a business which opens the flood-gates of crime debauches our young men, brings poverty, disgrace and ruin into many homes. Gentlemen, you force the issue; we accept it. Let the watchward be then—Rhoads and temperance; Grove and intemperance!

[Correspondence.]

Pastor and People.

The harmonious relation of pastor and people is so inseparably connected that no church or congregation can prosper or advance in spiritual growth or Godliness without its existence. This relation is badly abused by both. The people oft-times do not sustain their pastor as they should by aiding and encouraging him in the work of the Lord and by contributing to the necessities of the church. On the other hand, the pastor is the head of the flock and should set a Godly example to them all. A *good* pastor will do much more in the Lord's vineyard than a good preacher. A good pastor, like a good shepherd, knoweth his sheep, "and he calleth his own sheep by name." "He goeth before them and the sheep follow him, for *they* know his voice." Where does this Scripture example find some of the shepherds? Are they standing back in Eden hiding themselves from their Master's call—hoping to put the blame on some poor woman? If so, their reward awaiteth them.

Some pastors know every member of their flock, even to the little lambs, and will seek them in the highways and byways; can *recognize* them on the street, or *whenever* and *wherever* met, and will *speak* to them, at least. This is but the true manifestation of God's Great Shepherd. Yet there are pastors who can neither find the time or inclination to hunt up the sheep more than once or twice a year—and not even then to salt them—and the little lambs are left without the fold and beyond even the smile of human sympathy!

Some find it pleasanter and more congenial to their measure of human greatness to select the fat snow-driven fleeced ones of the flock, and to administer comfort to their bleating. The true measure of God's love is boundless to all of them that love Him. He is no respector of persons.

More Anon.

Jacob Sharp's lawyers have secured another delay in the legal journey of their notorious client toward Sing Sing. The Court of Appeals will decide on Thursday next whether or not to hear again the argument in his behalf. If this decision should be favorable, he may rest assured of at least a month's postponement. But it is doubtful that a New York court will dare favor the Napoleon of Boodledom in the face of urgent public opinion. He suffered his Waterloo some time ago, and his exile seems to be inevitable.

Tennessee is in doubt as regards the vote cast in that State last week, and the result will not be very large either way. It is evident that the Prohibitionists have cast a much larger vote than to their highest anticipations seemed possible. If Tennessee is not now a Prohibition State she will be when another vote is taken on the question.

A vote for Grove for Associate judge is a vote for the license of bar rooms, beer saloons and low groggeries all over this county. Do the people want this? We call upon them to decide this matter at the coming election. If you want licensed dens where drunkards are made that a few may be made rich on the crushed hopes of women and children, where every dollar that goes into the money drawer goes covered with the blood spots of its victims, then vote for John Grove. If you want these places closed up so that peace and happiness shall reign, so that the children of the poor shall be disrobed of their rags and clothed in garments of comfort, so that the haggard, careworn expression on the face of the wife and mother shall give place to one of peace and happiness; if you want the poor drunkards family to be made comfortable; if you want temptation removed from your boys—eye, even your daughters; if you want order, sobriety, morality and virtue to reign in place of destruction, intemperance fornication and adultury—then vote for Daniel Rhoads. This election is to decide in our county whether our people want temperance or intemperance, whether they desire civilization or barbarism.

About four weeks ago a young girl about 16 years of age came to this town, with her mother, to sell berries. The daughter took her part of the berries and went about peddling them, and soon disposed of her stock. She had with her a younger sister. After her berries were disposed of she went into some of the bar rooms and asked for whiskey. At some of the places she was refused, but when she went home in the train that night she was drunk. By some means she obtained the liquor. Is there a seller of the drug in Bellefonte that would admit that he would sell a girl of that age a drink? No. How did she obtain it? Voters of Centre county, do you want to put it beyond the power of your children to obtain this poison? Think of the example of this older girl draging her little sister, scarcely ten years old, into a bar-room. Is it not possible that because there were such places here two souls will be lost in place of one? You are to decide at the county election whether such scenes shall occur, and as you vote so do you place your seal of condemnation or approval upon such acts.

The Inter-State Commerce Commission, like all other Bureaus and Departments of Government, is required to submit to Congress at the beginning of every session, estimates for the coming fiscal year. The law requires that these estimates shall be in the hands of the Secretary of the Treasury by the first of October. Most of them generally come in later. But the Inter-State Commerce Commission is on hand like a sore thumb this year, and wants $3,500 for the Secretary and $159,000 for other necessary expenses—making a total of $200,000. The present appropriation is $100,000, and that was thought at the time to be extravagant. But here in less than eight months, a democratic reform, economical administration, proposes in actual report to Congress, to double the amount. Some inquisitive fellow might ask, what do we get in return? That is a question, my dear sir, that is puzzling others than you and me, and it may be a long time before a satisfactory answer is given. The expense is all we get now.

Our democratic friends have talked a good deal during the past thirty months about Jeffersonian simplicity, and applied it with wonderful dexterity to the present administration. The fact of history is this: Jefferson rode down Pennsylvania Avenue on his nag, tied it to a post near the capital, and unostentatiously passed through the ceremonies of his inauguration. To-day President Cleveland is careering through the land in a $200,000 train of cars, beckoning for ovation and applause. An eye half open can see the ridiculous of such an absurdity. A more extravagant and profligate subversion of official position was never before witnessed in this country, and no wonder that the labor reunions of Milwaukee, Chicago, and elsewhere, refuse to join in the demonstration of welcome, and characterize the proceeding as smacking too much of the homage paid to royalty in Europe. No wonder there is bitterness and heart burnings among the laboring masses of the country.

GENERAL NOTES.

Physicians now recommend steamed oysters in preference to those prepared any other way.

The widow of an editor in Shawnee, O., still conducts the paper, and says that her husband's spirit directs her.

Ten 52-gallon barrels of cucumbers have been grown on a spot 50x59 feet in size at San Bernardino, Cal., this summer.

An ivy vine has grown through the wall of the house of Arthur Westcoat, of Atlantic City, and ornaments his sitting room.

Mr. Philip Honey, of Stafford, Va., has a railroad ties regularly with a mule which he brought home with him from the army.

Mrs. John W. Mackay is having a cloak made from the breasts of birds of paradise. These cost 30s. each and about 500 birds will be necessary.

Charles F. Wright, of Springfield, Mo., is said to be the youngest member of the G. A. R. He entered the service January 2, 1864, as a drummer boy, at the age of 13 years.

The Pope's jubilee gift to Queen Victoria was a copy in mosaic of the figure of Poetry by Raphael in the Vatican. The artist was seven years at work on this copy.

Gladstone is chary with his autograph. An application only results in the receipt of a lithograph on a postal card. John Bright is more good humored, but he must be approached carefully.

A rich but rather costly addition to fashionable grate-fire utensils is a rosewood bellows, the handle and snout of which are frosted silver. The bag is a single piece of kangaroo skin.

Lightning lifted the chimney from a lighted lamp in the home of John Mayo, of Americus, Ga., extinguishing the flame and depositing the unbroken chimney in an upright position on the table.

At Lima, O., a Bachelors' Preventive Association is being talked up among the boys. The object is to discourage the marriage of its members by making each one who breaks the rules furnish a big banquet to the rest.

On Peter Reynold' farm, in Nesbannock township, Lawrence county, Pa., there is a pear tree which measures seven feet five inches in circumference and it is about 50 feet high, supposed to be about 100 years old and bears fruit abundantly.

Louis Bayden, a blind man who died at Worcester, Mass., the other day, had his sense of touch so developed that he could tell the denomination of a bank note by feeling it, and in weeding a large garden he could always distinguish a young vegetable plant from a weed.

A large flock of "chimney sweeps" took to roosting in a chimney of the house of John A. Butts, of Thompson, Ga. One night he covered the chimney with a board, and early next morning replaced the board with a bag. When he removed the bag it contained 567 imprisoned birds.

A Brooklyn horse has an extraordinary passion for raw eggs. He quietly watches the hens that frequent his manger until they leave their nests, when he noses about until the eggs are discovered, then he breakes and devours them with gusto. The effect of this strange diet upon his physical condition is beneficial, and his sides have become round and glossy.

Since 1857 the gold fields of New Zealand have produced in round numbers £45,000,000. The gold exported reached its highest point in 1866, when 735,376 ounces, valued at $2,844,517, were exported. The present production is valued at nearly £1,000,000. A total area of 21,000 square miles of gold and silver bearing lands is already known and proved, both metals having been found over that area.

Charles McCord, of Springfield, O., has a cheery tree which is now bearing its second crop of fruit. The tree bore a liberal crop in its regular season, which was picked and consumed by the family. A month or so ago it burst into blossom again and was literally covered. The blossoms fell off in due time and fashion and hundreds of little green cherries not much larger than currants took their place.

A calf without eyes or tail was recently born on an Oregon ranch. Although blind, it will not run into anything. It is kept in a corral alone and will start to run toward one of the fences, and when within a few feet will stop, turn in another direction and go through the same performance. It will act the same toward a stream of water. The skin which covered the eye was lanced, but no signs of the eye were visible.

L. M. Chase, of Boston, found a pear tree in his garden which the mice had girdled by eating the bark of the trunk, and it was dying. Mr. Chase planted four small trees around this tree, and close to it, cut off the tops, pointed the ends, and, making incisions in the bark, bent the small trees and grafted them above the dead trunk. They all grew, and that tree draws its nourishment from the small ones and "still lives," for a bushel of nice pears has just been taken from it.

A worm that infests iron is said to have been discovered in Germany, and on investigation by the Government it was found to be about two-thirds of an inch long and a quarter of an inch through. It is of a light gray color, and on the head carries two little glands filled with a corrosive secretion, which is ejected every ten minutes upon the iron. The liquid renders the iron soft and spongy, and of the color of rust, and it is then greedily devoured by the insect. Engineers attribute a great many railroad accidents to the agency of this singular insect.

Poetry.

THE TOWER OF BABEL.

Once many centuries ago,
  Men tried to build a tower so high
That, rising upward, round on round,
  The pinnacle should reach the sky.

And they toiled and built, and dreamed and planned,
  What hopes went upward with the rising stone,
That daring feet ere long should mount and stand
  Upon the golden stairway to the throne!

And then a swift confusion fell
  Upon the workers building there.
Men called and shouted, each to each,
  With strange, uncomprehended speech,
And what it meant no man could tell,
  So they left building in despair.

Yet in their hearts lived still the hope that they
Might scale the ramparts of the sky, some day.

Sometimes our souls expand and glow
  With holy visions, bright and pure.
But when, from these deep vales below,
  We proudly try to climb and reach
With clumsy masonry of speech,
  And rounds of rhyme that shall endure,
That sky-born thing, that Heavenly theme,
  Touched only by a prayer or dream,
A swift confusion o'er us flies,
  And sudden chills our hands benumb—
Our minds are blurred, our tongues are dumb—
The holy vision fades and dies.

Yet still we dream that song some time may be
Rung through the arches of eternity.

PLACE YOUR HAND IN MINE, WIFE.

'Tis five and twenty years to-day
  Since we were man and wife—
And that's a tidy slice I say,
  From anybody's life.
And if we want, in looking back,
  To feel how time has flown,
There's Jack, you see, our baby Jack,
  With whiskers of his own.
    Place your hand in mine wife—
      We've loved each other true;
    And still, in shade or shine, wife,
      There's love to help us through.

It's not been all smooth sailing, wife—
  Not always laughing May;
Sometimes it's been a weary strife
  To keep the wolf away.
We've had our little tiffs, my dear
  We've often grieved and sighed;
One lad has cost us many a tear,
  Our little baby died.
    Place your hand in mine, wife—
      We've loved each other true;
    And still, in shade or shine, wife,
      There's love to help us through.

But, wife, your love along the road
  Has cheered the roughest spell,
You've borne your half of every load,
  And often mine as well.
I've rued full many a foolish thing
  Ere well the step was taken;
But, oh! I'd haste to buy the ring—
  And wed you o'er again.
    Place your hand in mine, wife—
      We've loved each other true;
    And still, in shade or shine, wife,
      There's love to help us through.

'Twas you who made me own the Hand
  That's working all along,
In ways we cannot understand,
  Still bringing right from wrong.
You've kept me brave and kept me true,
  You've made me trust and pray;
My gentle evening star were you,
  That blessed the close of day.
    Place your hand in mine, wife—
      We've loved each other true;
    And still, in shade or shine, wife,
      There's love to help us through.

THE LEARNED BOSTON MAN.

A college-man from Boston town,
  One sunny day of summer's leisure,
Was introduced to Betty Brown,
  And thought that he would try to please her.
For Betty taught a village school,
  And doubtless in her life had never
Heard much of ologies and isms,
  In language dignified and clever.

The college-man from Boston town,
  Of cosmos and of protoplasm,
Talked like a book to Betty Brown,
  And of the late seismic spasm
Explained the reason, using words
  Unheard of before in country places,
And spoke of ancient greece spots, where
  Explorers seek for antique traces.

Of abtruse questions new and old,
  Of art, invention, progress, science,
With volubility he told,
  While Betty listened with defiance;
At last said he, "I understand
  That you're a teacher on vacation,"
You're misinformed," said Betty Brown,
  "I am a Bored of Education!"

Our Story Teiler'

DONALD'S WIFE.

When Donald McKeon married his ward, Jessie Summer, many of his friends said he had made a mistake.

She was a merry, laughing girl of eighteen, fresh from school; and he her father's old friend, a quiet, self-contained man of thirty-five, and it can scarcely be wondered at that many wise heads were shaken over the ill-sorted match.

Jessie had always stood a little in awe of the quiet, stern man, who had been a frequent visitor at her father's home during his life time.

But she was quite unprovided for, and Donald McKeon was wealthy; and when he asked her to be his wife in a matter-offact way, very much as he might have asked her to be his housekeeper, it seemed the easiest way to solve the troublesome problem of her life, and, besides this, she knew her father to have been under obligations to him, and more than suspected that the three years she had successfully passed at a fashionable school since her father's death had been at his expense.

And so they were married, and he took her to his old home that his family had owned and occupied for generations.

It never occurred to him that it was a dreary sort of life for a girl like Jessie, alone in that gloomy old house all day, with only the servants and the ghosts of by gone generations for company.

And when she grew pale and listless and lost her old elasticity of spirits, a fear that had haunted him since his wedding day took possession of him and poisoned his life—a fear that she had married him for home and position and already regretted her choice.

Gladly would he have given her back her liberty had that been possible But being a sensitive, undemonstrative man, let her see nothing of this, but rather shrank from her because of the wrong he had done her and came and went and made no sign.

And then people began to discover Mrs. McKeon to be a very charming woman, and her husband a wealthy and influential man, and invitations began to pour in upon her.

And Jessie plunged into this new life of fashionable dissipation with a zest that was the natural reaction from the gloom and loneliness of the past year.

At first her husband accompanied her wherever she went, for he had somewhat old-fashioned notions as to what was right and fitting for women to do.

But it was a life he utterly detested. It interfered with his business, and he looked below the surface and saw the hollow falsehood it was, after all, and it grated on his fine ideas of truth and sincerity.

Perhaps he was somewhrt dictatorial in his manner of telling this; perhaps she imagined so. But when he urged the point she rebelled against his assumption of authority.

It was their first quarrel and their last but it was a very bitter one.

She spoke cruel, stinging words, that rankled and stung him the more that he had learned to love her so dearly, as only reserved, self-constrained men such as he can love, and then when they hoard all the treasures of their nature to lavish it in middle life on the woman who is their fate.

After that he opposed her in nothing, but it was as though a great wall of had risen between them.

He devoted himself to business and she became the acknowledged leader of the most exclusive circle of the city.

She was madly extravagant. She made the house a marvel of æsthetic beauty and entertained like a princess. Mrs. McKeon's toilets, jewels and dinners became the models of her set.

Men worshipped her beauty; but for all their flatteries she had the same smile of cold contempt and no one was bold enough to venture beyond the most commonplace.

And so the years passed and each one drifted them further apart, until they seldom met except at their own great entertainments. Each year she became more the slave of fashion, and he of his office. But through it all he loved her with an undying love and his one thought was to gratify her every whim.

And when the dark days came—when ships that were freighted with costly wares went down and were heard of no more—when houses that seemed stable as granite failed; and his wealth seemed melting away like a snow wreath, his only thought was for her, and though each day her hair grew whiter and his form grew more stooped with bending over the long columns of figures in which the balance wes always on the wrong side, he whispered, "for her sake," and struggled on and denied her nothing.

And even on the day when he came home, knowing that all his efforts had availed nothing, and that he was a poor man, his only thought was for her, that he would nevermore be able to give her the things she had bartered so much for.

He went into the great old library, which was almost the only room in the house which remained unchanged, and tried to collect his thoughts. How could he tell her was the question that reiterated itself through his brain, and for the first time in his life Donald McKeon was a coward.

The thought came to him of how she who had chafed at her bonds when they were gilded could bear the closer relations that a straightened income would entail.

And he resolved that this, at least, he would spare her. After all his obligations were met there would be something left, not more than she had often lavished on one dinner, perhaps; but still enough to keep her from absolute want. Jessie should have this and he should go away and work for her and dream of her, but never again trouble her with his presence.

He sat down and wrote her a letter, telling her this simply, directly, and with the great love he bore her breathing through every word.

The servant told him she would not be in for some time and he took the note himself up to her room.

It was a dainty place, bright as unlimited wealth and an exquisite taste could make it.

He left the note on her toilet table, lingering a moment to touch caressingly the costly articles that were scattered about, all breathing of her presence.

When he returned to the parlor the early dusk was failing. A servant came bringing lights, but he dismissed him impatiently, and a few moments later heard the sound of wheels and the sweet voice of his wife in the hall giving some direction.

At length the silence became unbearable, and he seated himself at the piano. In his bachelor days music had been his passion, but in these later years of feverish struggle he had found no time for it. But when his fingers touched the keys all the despair, the pain and longing in his heart found voice in the rich chords that filled the room.

He played on and gradually the burden lifted. Music gave him the comfort she always gives to those who truly love her. It was no longer a wail of dispair, but a pæan of thanksgiving for victory gained.

So absorbed was he that he did not hear a soft footstep enter the room. A hand was laid on his shoulder, and a tremulous voice said:

"Donald!"

His hand came down with a sudden discord on the keys! It was the first time Jessie had called him by that name.

He turned and saw her standing there in her soft cashmere. The firelight was sending long rays down the stately gloom of the library, and she looked very beautiful against the rosy background.

"You read my letter, Jessie!"

"Yes; and I am sorry for your sake Donald; you have worked so hard for me."

"Do not think hard of me, Jessie. It is not for myself I care. I am not afraid of poverty. But, oh, my child, if I could save you from its sting. If it were at the sacrifice of my life, heaven is my witness, I would not spare it."

She came close to him and laid her hand in his.

"Donald, there is a better thing you can give me than wealth can buy. Give me back the love I so madly threw away. Let me work with you and help you, and I will bless the day that made us poor!"

"Jessie," he said, "are you sure of this?" Do not try to deceive me. Do not say it if it is not true. I could go away and bear it, but to open my heart to this new hope would kill me."

"Donald, do you think that I am made of stone—that I could know all your kindness and patience all these years, and not learn to love you? Oh, so often have I longed to kneel at your feet and ask your forgiveness, but I believed I had forfeited your love by my folly."

"And you will not regret the loss of wealth and luxury?" he said, incredulously "and can be happy with only my love?"

"You forget that papa and I were poor before I married you, Donald, and I was happier then than I have been since I learned to hate the things that cost me so much, and to envy the poorest woman, happy in her husband's love."

He turned the sweet tear-wet face to the firelight, and bent down and looked into her eyes. And then he took her close in his arms.

"My darling—oh my darling!" he said, softly.

And in their hearts there was a gladness that all the treasures of the world could not buy.

The Perpetual Motion Problem.

New York Sun.

A young man named Witherspoon, a resident of Birmingham, Conn., has been for a long time at work upon a machine which has excited the curiosity of his friends. On Saturday afternoon he told *The Sun* correspondent that he believed he had found a solution of the great problem of perpetual motion. His machine, he says, will run until the materials of which it is composed have worn out. It needs no fuel, water, gas, or electric batteries, though he does not deny that electricity is the motive power, though it is obtained by natural means, and not by the aid of chemicals. The power can be applied to the propulsion of machinery, engines, steamboats—in short, anything which requires steam. The machine has been completed for seven days, but the young man could not muster sufficient courage to start it until Saturday. It is under lock and key, and will be kept so until he has obtained patents in the United States and foreign countries.

In an interview Mr Witherspoon said: "I know that I will be called a crank and all that, but I will demonstrate to the world that perpetual motion is not impossible, as is believed by many prominent scientific men. I mean to say that I have invented an engine, or motor, which, without any supply of power from without, can not only maintain its own motion indefinitely as long as the material of which it is made lasts, but it can also be applied to external work. To be more explicit, my machine means a device for creating power, or energy, without corresponding expenditure of energy."

The inventor is thoroughly well versed in natural laws and in the science of electricity and talks of his invention without the slightest trace of affectation. He will take the machine to New York and show it to Edison, the electrician, first, and then exhibit it to the public.

"Do you understand about notes of hand!" asked one of the market whitewashers of a standkeeper the other day. "I think so." "Wall, I had a feller's note for $20. It ain't due 'til de 1st of July, but las' nite he paid me half of it." "And you indorsed the amount on the back of the note?" "I did, hey! Was dat de way to do?" "Of course. How did you do." "Cut de note in two an' gim him half."

They Were Doubles.

One of the many pleasant incidents during the Centennial celebration last week due to the open-hearted hospitality shown by citizens to visitors occurred on Friday, and is worthy of note.

Charles Hanger, of Cheyenne, came east to take part in the exercises, bringing with him two nieces from Davenport, Iowa. They started out on Friday to view the parade, the first object being to obtain good positions without being compelled to stand in the crowd.

On passing the southwest corner of Thirteenth and Chestnut streets, Mr. Hanger observed some workmen erecting seats in the show window of the store of Thackara Sons & Co. He offered to bear the expense of their construction for the use of three seats, Charles Thackara, of the firm was summoned, and learning where the visitors were from generously offered them seats and gave them every attention possible.

One of the young ladies happened to address Mr. Hanger as "Uncle Charlie", while Mr. Thackara was present. The fact of them bearing the same Christian name was commented upon as a rather singular coincidence, particularly as they had been born on the same day.

"Are you a married man?" inquired Mr. Thackara of his new-found friend.

"I am," was the reply. "I was married on the 27th day of May, 1872."

"That's singular, That's the day on which I was married. My wife's name is Ida."

"So is mine," almost shouted the westerner. "Have you any children?"

"Yes, I have one son."

"So have I. What's your boy's name?"

"Fred."

"Well, this is the most singular thing I ever heard of. That's my boy's name, too."

The comparison ended here, however, for Master Hanger was born nine days before Master Thackara.

The singular circumstances of the two men bearing the same Christian name; being born and married on the same day, both marrying ladies bearing the same name, and each having but one son, and these sons bearing the same name, was the principal subject of conversation in the group of friends who occupied the windows in Thackara's store for the remainder of the day, and the accidental acquaintance of the gentlemen will no doubt ripen into a friendship which will continue through the remainder of their lives.

They Had Got Used to Babies.

"Say," said a woman wearing a faded yellow dress, as she came out of a Western Dakota house which stood near the road, as we drove up, "you didn't see no young 'uns down the road I reckon?"

"No."

"Couple o'mine missin' again, I guess;" and she surveyed a good sized flock who were playing around the house.

"Or hold on, I guess there ain't either." She began singling them out with her finger, saying: "One, two, three—stand still, you brats, till I count you!—four, five—come back here, Ophelia, till yer counted—six, seven, eight, an' two at school makes ten, an' the baby is 'leven, on' two out't the field is thirteen. All right, stranger, they're all here; I 'lowed two or three of 'em had lit out, but the census is correct!"

"You have a large family, madame."

"Lawks, family till you can't rest! An' say, do you know what's a fact, gen'l'men, when the fust one, Sheridan—he's out'n the field shuckin' corn now—when he was a baby what d'ye think me an' the old man used to do to him?"

"Give it up."

"Used to wake him up to see him laugh! Yes, sir; regular thing every time he went to sleep! Sometimes one big fool of us an' sometime the other would sneak up an' chuck him under the chin an' say: "Wake up, oo tootsy wootsy, an' laugh oo cunnin' 'ittle laugh for oo papa!" Didn't never wake up any of the other twelve? Well, not hardly, stranger—we know a powerful sight mor'n we did. Here, Washington, quit hurtin' yer little sister or I'll give you a switchin' you'll remember till yer 100 years old!"

The Thunderbolt Got the Worst of It.

The other day a man entered a newspaper office, paid 50 cents for an advertisement, and got mad because the editor wouldn't insert a $5 "free puff" in the local columns, calling attention to his 50-cent advertisement. As he was leaving the office a thunderbolt that made the earth tremble struck him squarely on the right cheek. He gazed vaguely around for a minute or two, and then started down the street humming, "You cawn't do it, you know," while the thunderbolt limped off in another direction, howling with pain, and entered the nearest drug store, where it invested in a gallon of arnica and seventeen yards of court plaster. It will be laid up in Jove's thunderbolt manufactory for repairs during the remainder of the year.

Population of the World.

The human family now living on the earth consists of about 1,460,000,000 individuals; not less than this number and probably more. They are so distributed over the earth's surface that there are now no parts of any size which are still uninhabited. In Asia, where there is little doubt the human race first existed, there are now approximately about 800,000,000, an average for the entire continent of 120 to the square mile. The cheerless and thinly populated steppes of Siberia reduce the average of population for this continent, which in some parts is the most closely packed quarter of the globe. Thus, throughout Hindostan there is an average of 172 persons to the square mile, and in China proper each square mile represents a population of 226. The population of Europe is about 350,000,000, averaging 100 to the square mile, not so crowded as in Asia, but everywhere dense, and overpopulated at all points. Africa has an estimated population of some 210,000,000 or about 18 to the square mile. But this can be a mere approximation only, as so much of the continent is still unexplored. America has a population estimated at about 105,000,000, relatively thinly scattered, and averaging altogether not more than seven to the square mile On all islands of the oceans there are probably 10,000,000 of inhabitants. The white people of the human race are estimated at about 560,000,000, the blacks at some 250,000,000; the rest are of intermediate color. Of the entire race some 500,000,000 are well clothed, that is comfortable and entirely; 700,000,000 are partly clothed, and some 250,000,000 are practically naked. Some 400,000,000 may be said to live in houses partly furnished with the appointments of civilization, 800,000,000 live in huts or caves with no attempt at furnishing them with any luxuries or scarcely conveniences, 260,000,000 and more have nothing that can be called a home. Fully three-fifths of the race, therefore, lie below the line which the civilization of the Anglo-Saxon would fix as the lowest limit at which deprivation and discomfort can be endured. Of course the above is a division by races, and takes no account of the great needy class in cities of civilized countries.

Gen. Sherman and Reporters.

A correspondent, whose truthfulness we would be sorry to question, related that on a recent occasion Gen. Sherman, observing the difficulties under which a short-hand reporter labored when taking a speech on a crowded balcony, turned his back to him, bent his broad shoulders forward and said: "Here, make a table of my back." The reporter placed his notebook on the General's back and scribbled away for 10 or 15 minutes. The General never stirred, but patiently stood in that cramped position until the speech was finished. It is a pleasant incident and we hope it is a true one. But there was a time when the General was not thus helpful to reporters, whose difficulties were sometimes very far greater than the one referred to above. We presume the General will not mind it now if it is said of him that in the war he would go as far to kick a correspondent as John Randolph said he would to kick a sheep. Correspondents generally made it a point to keep out of his way, though really there was no one for whom they had a greater liking as a soldier. Correspondents with the army liked the officers of enterprise and brains and soon came to know who they were. It was out of a quarrel which General Sherman had with a mischievous correspondent at Louisville in 1861, that came the report that the General was out of his head, a rumor that no doubt contributed to his being relieved from an important command. Ever after he held a grudge against correspondents. We presume he has got over that feeling. No correspondent ever treasured it a single day.

A Growing Child.

Conductor—Madam, did I understand you to say this girl is not yet 12 years old?

Mother—She will be 12 next spring.

"And you want to go all the way to New York in this car?"

"Yes."

"Then you should not go on this train."

"Why not?"

"Because this is a slow train, and if that girl keeps on growing as she has been, by the time we get to New York she will be so large that she will not be able to get through the car door. The company can't afford to take the car to pieces on a half fare ticket."

When a woman takes hold and manages a farm all alone people think her wonderfully smart, but they never think of praising the women who manage the farms and the farmers too.

All Sorts.

Most lawsuits have barbed wire concealed about them for everybody but the lawyers.

A North Georgia man declares that he has discovered a vein of solid gold eight inches thick.

The trouble with a great many editors is that they don't think one-half as much as they write.

An exchange speaks of "a tramp five hundred miles long." What a capacity he must have for pie.

"Young McNeily, the $200,000 bank robber of Maine, is only nineteen, but he stole like sixty."

"Colonel Colorow—Esteemed Ingun—Withdraw your picture from the newspapers and all will be forgiven."

Chicago is a poor place to make money. They arrested one fellow this week for simply making half dollars.

"A man may hide his sins and dye his mustache, but when he gets a cold in his head concealment is impossible."

An article is printed with the heading, "How Man Should Treat Man." The best way is to allow him to select his own drinks.

"Don't blame the Us. They must have some amusement, poor fellows. Remember they don't know anything about base ball."

California has a postmaster who spells "god" with a "j" and California with a "k." He ought to be given an easy lesson in spelling "g."

A PERSON is known by his company: Judged from this standpoint the Prohibitionists should see the danger of flirting with the liquor element.

An Omaha real estate man was attacked by three footpads the other night. He killed one and forced the other two to buy a 30 days' option on town lots.

Before it was 24 hours old the American Party had two wings to it. Herein a party is different from a bird; it gets along better with one wing than with two.

The unstinted praises this perfect season receives from all sides unquestionably account for the crimson blush that is now mounting to the cheek of autumn.

Mother—Why are you crying, Fanny? Fanny—Tommy—boohoo—hit me as hard as he could with that big stick. Tommy, hit me again so ma can see how you did it—boohoo!

THE G. A. R. is in St. Louis 100,000 strong. Cleveland isn't there. But then he is not a member of the Grand Army and would feel decidedly *de trop* in such an assemblage.

When a man "Planks down" the cash for an old debt, he "pays up," and when he "goes up" in business he 'goes down' financially. But he doesn't always settle up when he settles down.

The Boston high school girls are indignant because the school officials have posted notices in their building prohibiting the chewing of tobacco. Easy girls. It might have read "gum."

While other presidential candidates are flaunting their booms Senator Hawley is placidly dreaming of wedding bells and bliss. Perhaps the Senator will lasso a nomination with an orange wreath.

There was a fisherman in our office last evening, 31 years of age, who has been fishing since he was 15 years of age, who never drank a glass of liquor or smoked a cigar or pipe in his life. This is an extremely rare case.

The Growth of New Mexico.

The Governor of New Mexico, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Interior, says that, at the present rate of increase, the census of 1890 will show a population in the Territory of not less than 200,000. During the past year there has been an increase in public schools under the compulsory law passed by the last Legislature. The Catholic church supports 15 schools, the Congregational 4, the Presbyterian 3 and the Methodist 2. "The rains have been copious and timely, cattle are in excellent condition for market, the wool clip has been largely increased, the mines have yielded better than ever before, agriculture has been largely extended, and the yield unusually abundant, there has been no public turmoil or disaster of any kind, and the general state of trade and business has been good."

A Fight Over the President.

There is a row in St. Louis even now over who shall have the President and Mrs. Cleveland as guests, Mayor Francis having taken steps to pre-empt them. The President of Councils has taken out a counter claim, and at it they have gone. The President of Councils is the proprietor of the Southern Hotel, the swell house of the Mississippi Valley; but the Mayor has arranged that the distinguished guests when not with him at his private residence will be quartered at the Lindell, which don't compare with the Southern. Each of these gentlemen by turns is Mayor, it should be understood. Each has his backers and the quarrel exceeds anything ever seen in a country church choir.

Medical, Etc.

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Briefs.

ABERDEEN, Miss., Sept. 29.—A godlen spike was driven yesterday in the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad company at Crew's mill, seven miles west of the Mississippi line and thirty seven miles east of Aberdeen. Col. Nettleton, president of the road, and Mr. Elliott, chief engineer, besides other officers and many citizens of the vicinity, were present. The occasion was celebrated with appropriate ceremonies. The road will be opened for business immediately.

WILKESBARRE, Sept. 29.—John Yankowatsko, an Italian, who murdered John Komerane in Hazleton last February, was called for trial in the criminal court this morning. After a jury had been chosen the prisoner pleaded guilty by confession, leaving the court to fix the degree. Judge Rice, after hearing the testimony and arguments on both sides, determined the crime to be murder in the second degree. Sentence deferred.

HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 29.—The trouble with the negroes in Matagarda and Brazaria counties is believed to be settled for the present. The Houston Light Guards have returned from the seat of war. Two negroes were killed in Sunday's conflict. Oliver Sheppard, the mulatto leader of the negroes, has fled from the country. There is considerable apprehension among the whites that the truoble may be renewed.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., September 29.—The band at the Soldiers' Home have returned from St. Louis. They report that city as one great mud-hole crowded with thousands of people, whose only diversion is to plod throught muddy streets and swear at fate; also, that a number of posts left for their various homes yesterday, satisfied that the weather had drowned all the enjoyment they had anticipated.

SOCORRO, N. M., September 29.—The four day's celebration of the feast of San Miguel began yesterday. A great crowd of people from all parts of the country are in attendance. The first bull fight took place to-day, the bull fighters having arrived from Mexico last night. The mineral exposition is the finest ever seen in the territory.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The presidential postmasters at the following named offices, which become presidential on October 1, have been reappointed by the president; Grove City Pa.,; Homestead, Pa.; Sharpsville, Pa. The president has also appointed Lucy M. Horton, postmaster at North East, vice Isaac Horton, deceased.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 29.—In reply to an invitation to address the Illinois Democratic association, a political organization, this evening, Civil Service Commissioner Oberly writes that he has come to the conclusion that he cannot accept the invitation without violating his official obligation.

ST. LOUIS, September 20.—By the falling of a derrick at the brewery of W. S. Lemp, this morning, Daniel Ohmers was killed and Ferdinand Newmann fatally wounded, while four others were seriously injured. The men fell sixty-five feet.

NEW YORK, September 29.—J. Edward Hall, a machinist, has been selected as the candidate by the progressive labor party for secretary of state, vice John Swinton, declined. Hall declared himself in favor of abolishing all taxes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 29.—To-day's offerings of bonds to the government aggregated to $505,950. The total offerings to date under circular of the 22d inst. amount to $9,772,700.

LONDON, September 29.—Mrs. Otto Goldschmidt (Jenny Lind) has had a stroke of paralysis. Her mind is unimpaired.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human sufferings, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full direction for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 1911yeow

Enveloped in Smoke.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 30.—This city is enveloped in smoke so dense that objects cannot be distinguished half a block away. A high wind would result in the destruction of the city. There is fire in the southward along the line of the Canada Atlantic; there is fire eastward along the Canadian Pacific railway; there is fire westward up the Ottawa, and fire north in the mining country.

At Pembroke, 100 miles in one direction, and at Montreal, 100 miles in the other, the smoke is reported to be worse than at Ottawa. The losses not only of timber, but to the farmers, are enormous and will probably reach $500,000. Heavy rain has never been more needed in Canada than now.

A Quebec special says: The smoke from the bush fires was even more dense yesterday than on any day since they originated. The steamer Oregon, due here on Wednesday, has not yet arrived, on account of the smoke. Navigation is practically suspended between here and Montreal, while reports from the east say that navigation is too dangerous to be practicable.

The President's Trip.

ALTOONA, Sept. 30.—The Altoona *Tribune*, to-morrow morning, in its account of the brief visit of the President to this city, will say: When the President's train had arrived at this place, and Mr. Cleveland had taken his place on the platform, the crowd was terrific. Men struggled good humoredly with each other to get close enough to shake hands with the President and twice was he forced from the platform by the swaying mass of people. There wasn't any speech-making. The stop was too short a one for that. Mr. Frank McGuire, of Sixth ward was the first man to shake hands with the President, he climbing up on the platform to do it. Finally the train was inspected, the President mounted the steps to enter his car, three cheers were proposed and given for Mrs. Cleveland and himself, and the last person who shook hands with him was a man who lay full length on top of the car and put his hand down over the roof. The estimates of the number of people at the station varies from 5,000 to 8,000, the former figures being about the number.

Where there was such a crowd the almost utter absence of casualties was remarkable. So far as we are able to learn there were but two—Michael McDermott had his ankle sprained by its being caught in the rope and Eddie Clacomb, residing on Third avenue between Third and Fourth streets, was pressed up against the side of the coach and almost suffocated. Both were attended to at the station.

The finely appointed train pulled out of the station on time. It was drawn by engine 1050, Engineer Joseph Kennedy, Conductor George Hayes. The presidential party was composed of the following persons: The President, Mrs. Cleveland, Colonel Lamont, Mr. Wilson S. Bissell, of Buffalo, Mr. Cleveland's former law partner; Dr. Joseph D. Bryant, of Albany, who was a member of the military staff when Mr. Cleveland was governor of New York; Mr. F. T. Bickford, of the Associate Press, Mr. P. E. De Graw, of the United Press Association; Mrs. Cleveland's maid and the President's valet.

As soon as the train left Altoona the excursionists were summoned to dinner. On the way up the eastern mountain side the rain pattered upon the windows wearily for a few minutes, but before the Horse Shoe was passed the skies had cleared. At Johnstown and at many another point cheers—sometimes guns—were heard. Torches, lanterns and flambeaux were waved, but the people themselves were invisible from the brilliantly-lighted interior.

At a point called Grapeville, about twenty miles east of Pittsburgh, the train was halted and its occupants were summoned to the rear platform. A roaring sound as of escaping steam from the pipes of an impatient ocean steamer was heard from the hillside a hundred rods to the left, but nothing was visible except the lights in the few scattered farm houses of the neighborhood. Developments were awaited in silence. Now some one on the hillside lighted a Roman candle. It is discharged toward a point whence the roaring came and soon a flame ten feet broad leaped in the air to a height of a hundred feet, showing the near hillsides in a wierd, uncanny fashion and more dimly bringing out the ghosts of those behind. Again from over the hill top to the right leaped another great flame, and these hissed and roared together until the train was out of sight. This entertainment was prepared by General Manager O'Day, of the United Pipe lines, who described to the observers in reply to their inquiries some of the features of the phenomena of which a natural gas well is the most striking manifestation.

Base Ball.

GAMES ON WEDNESDAY.

Other games postponed—raining.

At Detroit—Detroit 7, Indianapolis 3.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 3, Louisville 2.

At Chicago—First game, Pittsburgh 6, Chicago 5, second game, Chicago 4, Pittsburgh 2.

GAMES ON THURSDAY.

At New York—New York 6, Boston 3.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 2, St. Louis 8.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 10, Louisville 4.

At Chicago—Chicago 4, Pittsburg 2; Chicago 2, Pittsburg 5.

Other games postponed—raining.

GAMES ON FRIDAY.

Other games postponed by rain.

At Baltimore—Athletic 6, Baltimore 3.

At Pittsburgh—Detroit 2, Pittsburgh 1.

At Washington—Washington 1, New York 0.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 9, Louisville 9. Darkness.

I had Stone in the Bladder and Gravel in the Kidneys. Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy disintegrated the stone and delivered me from it. I am now well. I should long ago have been six feet under the sod if I had not taken Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy.—D. D. Hoag, Lebanon Springs, N. Y. Price $1. Send 2-cent stamp to Dr. Kennedy, Rondout, N. Y., for his book on Kidney, Liver and Blood disorders. Mention this paper. 19 40 4t

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Breech-loading Squirrel Rifles from	$4 00 to $7 00

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HIRAM TORREY, - - Corresponding Editor

REGULAR ADVERTISING RATES.—Twenty cents a line for first insertion.
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An Easy Victory.

NEW YORK, September 30.—Of all the races for the America's cup none was ever sailed before under conditions which prevailed at to-day's race, and none was ever more fairly won than this in which the Volunteer defeated the Scotch cutter, Thistle, over an outside course of forty miles. The only regret the people have who saw the race is that the Thistle was not able to show more seaworthy qualities and thus make the contest a closer one.

For half an hour after the start it was plain that the Thistle was a beaten boat unless a fluke or a shift of wind should save her from what promised to be an overwhelming defeat. In the twenty-mile thrash to windward the centre board type told so heavily against the keel that the cutter was beaten ten minutes and forty-nine seconds. The Thistle redeemed herself a little coming home before the wind by gaining two minutes and twenty-six seconds on the Volunteer.

The corrected time of the finish is: Volunteer, 5,42:56¼; Thistle, 5.54:45. In the windword work the Volunteer beat the Thistle fourteen minutes and forty-nine and one-fourth seconds. In the run before the wind the Thistle beat the Volunteer two minutes and fifty-four and one-half seconds. On board the Royal Eagle flagship Mohican, which accompanied the racers, were Commodore Carruthers, of the Kingston Yacht club; Sir Lionel West, British minister to the United States; Captain Tomson and Mrs. Bell of the Thistle. All on board admitted that the Thistle had been fairly beaten.

A Foolish Movement.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Much indignation is expressed by English Catholics at the action of the Roman police in seizing the pope's jubilee medals because the inscription upon them conveyed the idea that his holiness' regal title still remained, at least in the minds of the occupants and adherents of the Vatican. To Catholics here, and to Protestants as well, the action of the Italian authorities seems trivial and undignified. It is quite as well known to the Italian government as to the pope himself that the sovereign pontiff of the Catholic church has never for the shortest calculable space of time abandoned his claim to the kingly title so long born by his predecessors and wrested from the holy see by force of arms and circumstances when the sustaining power of Napolean III. was perforce withdrawn from the Eternal City seventeen years ago.

No attempt has ever been made by any authority of Italy to prevent the pope from assuming that he was still the ruler of the papal states, although the territory formerly so described has been for many years as far removed from the rulership of the head of the church as from the dictation of the sultan of Turkey, and that such stringent measures should now be taken against the issuance of a few medals attesting the fact that the pontiff has not ceased to regard himself as a temporal as well as a spiritual sovereign, exposes the authorities at Rome to ridicule. It is the belief of many here that the Italian ministry will disclaim any responsibility for the seizure.

Veterans in a Wreck.

ST. LOUIS, September 30.—At 12.15 this morning a Missouri Pacific excursion train was wrecked at Valley Park station, nineteen miles from this city. The train, which was loaded with Grand Army men and their families, and excursionists who had been in the city to see the trades pageant, left the union depot at 11 p. m., closely followed by a second section. At Valley Park the train was delayed, and through a misunderstanding of signals it is claimed that no danger signal was on the rear of the first train. The second section came crashing into the rear chair coaches at almost full speed, demolishing two chair cars, which at once caught fire and were consumed. The engineer and fireman of section two were seriously injured, but late reports say that there were no fatalities.

Crash in a Colliery.

ASHLAND, October 2.—This little mining town of the anthracite coal regions was the scene of a terrible accident yesterday afternoon, by which five men were killed and quite a number were more or less seriously injured. The Bost colliery is operated by the Philadelphia and Reading railroad company, and is one of the largest in the region. It has been operated for years and is full of deserted breasts and gangways. Yesterday afternoon some 20 men were at work in one portion of the colliery, when a huge pillar of coal supporting the roof gave way. There was a great crash as thousands of tons came down. The giving in of the roof of the colliery caused the compressed air to force the poisonous and deadly gas which always stays along the roof into the chamber where the men were working, with the force of a hurricane.

Men were lifted off their feet and sent flying right and left among the timbers and flying coal. The deadly gas did its work in a few seconds. The alarm was immediately given, and when the advance guard of miners, who were working in another gangway and fled at the first signs of danger, returned, they found the outstretched forms of twenty members in the chamber of death. Everyone appeared as if dead, and they were carried out one by one and laid on the ground. Weeping women and children surrounded the bodies, and after several hours' work the officials succeeded in resuscitating fifteen, but five were dead.

The President in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 2.—The president's train left Terra Haute fifty-six minutes late. As it moved off hundreds of hands were stretched upwards and their owners sought to follow the train. During the president's stay the throngs, like those at Altoona, while good-natured and turbulent, and sometimes wildly demonstrative, were harmless. The president arrived at East St. Louis at 11.45 p. m. Mayor Francis accompanied the president and his wife, and with a guard of twenty police the party started across the bridge. Their appearance at the end of the bridge was the signal for a burst of cheers and the glare of fireworks.

A banner stretched across the bride at the Missouri line read, "Welcome to Missouri." The beauty of the city, resplendent in the perfect light, illuminated by myriad of lights, protected by globes of scarlet, green, amber, white and blue, and decorated in profusion with bunting, opened to view as an oriental festival. Before the president blazed a transparency of himself and on the streets to his left hung transparencies of Grant and Lincoln. For a dozen blocks an unbroken line of people stood on either side and poured forth volumes of sound as one voice. The party were driven direct to the home of Mayor Francis, whose guests the president and his wife will remain until Monday.

At Vandeventer Place, before the mansion of Mayor Francis, where President and Mrs. Cleveland are quietly residing, a crowd collected early this morning to catch the first glimpse of the city's guests. Shortly after 10 o'clock Mr. Cleveland and his wife, accompanied by Mayor Francis and wife, appeared and were driven to the Washington Avenue Presbyterian church. In the street and near the church the people had assembled but a way was easily made through the crowd and as the party passed to the door of the church the spectators uncovered their heads but made no other demonstration.

The auditorium of the church was crowded, and as the president passed down the aisle many of the congregation arose. A pew in front of the centre of the auditorium was accorded them. The usual service was conducted without change. The musical programme was noted for its simplicity and was given by the regular choir. At the close of the service the President was escorted from church immediately, the congregation remaining in their seats to allow easy egress. The party were driven to Mayor Francis' residence, where they dined, and at 3 o'clock they took a drive to Henry Shaw's famous botanical garden, returning early. The evening was passed quietly at the mayor's home. The President and Mrs. Cleveland appeared considerably fatigued from the trip but are rapidly recovering.

Convention of K. of L.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., October 3.—The general assembly of the Knights of Labor was called to order in Washington rink this morning by J. P. McGaughrey, secretary of the co-operative board, and chairman of the local committee of arrangements. The rink was handsomely decorated and contained about 3,200 people. Mr. McGaughrey read telegrams from Mr. Powderly and Secretary Litchman, stating that they had been unavoidably delayed and could not arrive until in the afternoon. Governor McGill had been called east and was not able to make the address of welcome on the part of the state.

Mr. McGaughrey made brief remarks on the growth of the order in the Northwest, and introduced Mayor Ames, who made a formal address of welcome. The mayor closed by tendering the delegates the freedom of the city and Richard Griffiths, grand worthy foreman of the order, who is in poor health, responded to the welcome in a very few words. A. A. Carlton, of Massachusetts, in behalf of the general executive board, spoke more at length. In the course of his remarks he said:

"Earnest, yes desperate attempts are being made to prove that our organization is dwindling away, that it is disintegrating, that our forces are in a condition of demoralization. It is not true. [Applause.] It will never become so. Our great army will never turn its back to the foe so long as it knows that the lives of our women and our children are ground up into the fabrics we are wearing to-day. [Prolonged applause.] So long as there are thousands starving and thousands more dying in poverty while the few are living not only in convenience and comfort, but in luxury, so long the toilers in our manufactories, our workshops and our mines are making the wealth flow into the hands of one class—the owners of the cities and towns, the lands and the houses, while the ninety and nine have empty hands, so long will the Knights of Labor continue in existence."

Accident at Saxton.

Special to the Altoona Tribune.

HUNTINGDON, October 3.—Saxton, Bedford county, was the scene of a thrilling event yesterday which nearly culminated in the loss of seven lives. Just before noon Albert Martin, a Hungarian employed at Robert Hare Powell Sons & Co.'s furnace, entered into a tunnel under the furnace for the purpose of cleaning out the flue. Obstructions in the flue had prevented the gas from properly escaping which completely filled the base of the flue and the tunnel which led to it. Martin, who apprehended no danger, reached his destination without detecting the presence of gas, and while engaged in this work was overcome by the fumes. Six of his fellow-laborers whom he had left above were unaware of their companion's situation until nearly a half hour had elapsed, when they went to investigate the cause of Martin's delay in coming out.

With difficulty they succeeded in reaching his prostrate body owing to the intensity of the gas in the flue, and in their efforts to carry their unfortunate comrade to the surface, they, too, became asphyxiated by the gas and were prostrated at the bottom of the flue before they could reach the opening to the tunnel. How long they remained in that position is not definitely known, but a considerable time afterwards, their absence being discovered, a search was made, they were rescued with much difficulty. Albert Martin, who first entered was found to be dead, and his six brave companions were so greatly overcome by the gas that they were finally resuscitated only after a most arduous and laborious treatment. All of the workmen are Hungarians.

Martin's body will be buried at Dudley to-morrow afternoon by the Knights of Labor, of which organization he was a member. He was about twenty-eight years old and unmarried.

Struck by a Gale.

ST. IGNACE, Mich, October 4.—The Canadian passenger propeller California, which left Chicago Saturday night at 10 o'clock with a full cargo of corn and pork for Montreal, was struck by yesterday's gale in Lake Michigan. When on St. Helena the sea washed over her and filled her hold and put her fires out. The crew worked hard but were unable to keep the fires going. At 10 o'clock this morning the boat broke up and in one minute and a half went down. There was no time to get the boats down. How many were lost is yet uncertain.

Seven men in the lifeboat reached Point Les Barbes in an almost lifeless condition, but are now doing well. Some of them are badly cut up. Those are Owen Rourke, of Kingston, Ontario, wheelman; A. G. Hawking, of Belleville, watchman; Peter McNallis, of Montreal, deck hand; Joseph Neajor, of Norway, deck hand; William Brown, of Scotland, deck hand; J. A. Ives, of Montreal, deck hand; Marcellian Charlebois, of Montreal, deck hand. It is probable that the captain and some of the crew are on St. Helena. There were two women and one young man passengers.

The persons missing are: Captain John Taowk, of Toronto; Peter Lago, first mate, Montreal; George Foley, purser, Toronto; Bell Tongh, fireman, Toronto; S. A. Mills, second engineer, Toronto; James Ellis, first engineer, Toronto; Miss Roppa, lady's maid, Kingsto; Mrs. Blood, lady's maid, Patton; Artnur Hazzard, cabin boy, Toronton; Bob, assistant cook, Montreal, and the three passengers.

Another Vessel Lost.

ST. JOSEHH, Mich., October 4.—The schooner Havana, owned by Captain A. P. Read, of Kenosha, was sighted off this port yesterday morning flying signals of distress. The vessel was in a sinking condition and the crew were unable to keep her hold clear of water. Captain John Curran concluded to beach her, if possible, and headed for the shore. At 9 o'clock, when about three-fourths of a mile off shore, the vessel went down and the crew were seen to climb into the rigging. There were seven men aboard, Captain Curran, Steward John Morris and a sailor named Joseph Clint, climbed into the main rigging and the others into the fore rigging. As the vessel gave a heavy lurch the mainmast crashed overboard, carrying the three men into the breakers. They struck out for shore and when last seen were breasting the waves. As nothing has been seen of them since they are probably drowned. The remaining four men clung to the cross-trees for nearly three hours, when a tug came to their rescue. It took nearly three-quarters of an hour to get the men from their perilous position. The names of the four rescued men are Samuel McClimmon, mate; Charles Hagan, Robert McCormick and George Hughes. The mate had his arm broken before the vessel sank, but he clung to the mast with the grit of a hero. The captain and crew of the tug deserve much praise for the rescue, as there was a terrible sea running and the littly tug was tossed about so that those who watched her from shore thought she would surely founder. The Havana had about 600 tons of ore. She lies about six miles north of this port in ten or twelve fathoms.

An Echo of the Centennial.

Special to the Altoona Tribune.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., October 3.—Last evening about 8.30 o'clock a perceptible shock of an earthquake was felt in the lower end of this county. It was felt more especially at Shirleysburg, causing the people to rush into the streets. The vibration was from the northeast to southwest and lasted about four seconds. Hon. W. B. Leeds, Chief Clerk Whittaker, and Jackson Hammon, steward of the almshouse, and other reputable citizens, attest to the truth of the report.

Washington's Statue Arrives.

BOSTON, October 2.—The steamer Santiago, from Hull, brings the large bronze statue of Washington destined for Fairmount park, Philadelphia. The steamer reports that the day before, Friday, three hundred miles from land, she encountered dense smoke, which is supposed to have been caused by the Canadian forest fires. The statue weighs nine tons and was cast by Cardenback & Sons, Berlin. The Santiago will take the statue to New York, whence it will be transported to Philadelphia.

Six Seamen Drowned.

SOUTH HAVEN, Mich., October 4.—The three-masted schooner City of Green Bay came hard ashore two miles south of here Sunday night. When she struck she was water-logged. She lay exposed a short time and then fell apart. Six of her crew were drowned. A seaman named A. T. Slater alone was saved. Slater clung to a portion of the wreck and was rescued by the life savers. His mind appears affected by the terrible ordeal.

Base Ball.

GAMES ON SATURDAY.

At Baltimore—Athletic 2, Baltimore 5. Second game—Baltimore 8, Athletic 1.

At Pittsburgh—Detroit 6, Pittsburgh 10.

At Washington—Washington 3, New York 3.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 3, Louisville 5.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 13, Boston 4.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 4, Chicago 5.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 10, St. Louis 2.

GAMES ON MONDAY.

At Louisville—Louisville 6, St. Louis 7.

At Cleveland—Cleveland 7, Cincinnati 2.

At Brooklyn—Metropolitan 6, Brooklyn 1.

At Philadelphia—Athletic 13, Baltimore 2

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 3, Boston 0.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg 5, Detroit 10.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 2, Chicago 8.

At Washington—Washington 3, New York 7.

At Cleveland—Raining.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh 7, Detroit 4.

At Louisville—St. Louis 13, Louisville 9.

At Staten Island—Metropolitan 10, Brooklyn 4.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia 6, Boston 3.

At Washington—New York 6, Washton 3.

At Philadelphia—Baltimore 6, Athletic 3.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis 2, Chicago 1. Chicago 6, Indianapolis 5.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS.

A Noteworthy Event in the South.

The Piedmont Exposition, to be held at Atlanta, Ga., in the month of October, will be the most notable occurrence of the year, and by far the most important event which has ever taken place in the industrial history of the South. The exhibition is not confined to the State of Georgia, but the whole upland region of the Southern States south of the Appalachian chain, will be represented. The vast mineral, agricultural, and lumber resources of these States, the manufacturing and industrial interests, the dairy, garden, and orchard products, will form a display rarely equaled and never surpassed in this country. The material progress of the new South willlbe fully illustrated, and her claims as the richest and most productive section of the land will be established by the exhibits drawn from every department of trade and industry.

The exposition will also include many attractive features. The President of the United States and Mrs. Cleveland, the Governors of many States, and many of the prominent public men of the country will be present. There will be military and civic parades, sham battles, illuminations, and all the attending attractions that serve to embellish a great event of this character.

In order to aid in the promotion of social and commercial intercourse between the North and the South, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special round-trip tickets to Atlanta, on October 7th, 10th, and 14th, good to return until the 25th. These tickets will bear a coupon of admission to the exposition, and will be good for continuous passage only only in each direction.

They will be sold from the following points at the rates quoted: Canandaigua $25 40, Penn Yan $24.10, Watkins $23.65, Elmira $23 20, Emporium $24.00, Driftwood $23.45, Renovo $22.60, Lock Haven $21.80, Williamsport $21.05, Milton $20.20, Lewisburg $20.15, Northumberland $19.90, Sunbury $19.85, Clearfield $23.00, Bellefonte $22.10, Altoona $22.20, Tyrone $21.75, Huntingdon $21.15, Lewistown Junction $20 05, Harrisburg $18.25, and York $17.40. They will be good for use only on dates mentioned, and from points on Northern Central Railway only on Southern Express leaving Canandaigua 8.05 P. M.; from points on Philadelphia and Erie Division on Erie Mail leaving Emporium at 9.05 P. M.; and from points on Main Line and branches on the Fast Line east or its best connection at Harrisburg.

The route south from Washington will be the Piedmont Air Line or the Kennesaw route. Those starting on the 7th or 12th will go forward by the Piedmont Air Line, those on the 10th and 14th by the Kennesaw route.

The route via Shenandoah Valley is from Harrisburg via Cumberland and Shenandoah Valleys, thence south via Norfolk and Western and East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroads, connecting at Harrisburg by same trains as mentioned above.

Further information will be furnished by the local ticket agents.

Philipsburg Paragraphs

The old Passmore hotel that Sheriff Walker closed on Monday, is again opened and doing business as usual.

A certain smart young man, while standing looking at the new steamer, said: "Mr. George, does that thing eat hay." That young man, we are sorry to say, has learned the printing trade, too.

A certain young fellow entered the bee yard of Justice McKernon, at Chester Hill, the other morning, and walked off with a hive, bees and all. Now the joke comes in. The bees began coming out. To say that fellow dropped it and made tracks quickly, is only telling the truth. The 'Squire laughed at the fellow going. No arrests. He must go early in the night to steal a scalp of bees.

Barnum will no doubt draw about as many people to Bellefonte on the 14th, as court week would do.—[Yes, about ten times as many.—ED.]

Winfield Watkins died at Morrisdale Mines a few days ago of Typhoid fever. Only a short time since his father died of the same disease.

Among the few arrivals of strangers to town within a couple of days, was a babe in each of the following families: Dr. Taylor's, a girl; Henry Lehman's, a girl; Wash. Heimach's, ditto. At this rate, our population is bound to go up.

W. T. Bair and wife attended the funeral of the latter's brother, Thos. Nichols, at Clearfield on Tuesday.

We made a mistake in a recent issue when we said that Brinton, Duncan & Barnes sold over 500 sacks of flour in a month. It is just double that—1000 sacks is what they sold in the past month. Who can beat this in Centre county? We don't think it can be done. Mr. Brinton, who has charge of the whole firm, is as pleasant a gentleman, as can be found in a day's hard travel.

SOME ONE.

Reunion of the 148th Regiment, P. V.

According to notice in this paper, previous to the picnic of the Centre County Veteran Club at Coburn, all the members of the 148th regiment, P. V., who were present at that gathering, consulted in regard to the advisability to hold a meeting of all the survivors. The object of such a meeting will be to organize permanently and make arrangements to place an appropriate monument on the historic battlefield of Gettysburg to mark the spot occupied by the regiment in the memorable battle. At the preliminary meeting at Coburn, Col. Robert McFarlane, of this place, was elected chairman and Col. D. S. Keller, also of this place, was made secretary. The committee of arrangements consists of Col. Robert McFarlane, chairman; Col. George A. Bayard, Major R. H. Forster, Lieut. Joseph Fox and Lieut. J. W. Stewart. The reunion will be held in the court house at this place on Thursday, October 27. Let every member of the regiment who still survives meet with their comrades here. It will be an interesting occasion, fraught with pleasing incidents and cherished memories.

Milesburg Matters.

Mr. C. K. Essington, a grocer of this place, is on the sick list, being confined to his bed.

Wallace Weaver, our livery man, has built quite a large addition to his stable.

Mr. A. T. Boggs is going to erect a large building on Pike street. The second story will be a town hall, while the ground floor will contain a store.

The spirit of improvement has possessed Mr. Bloom as is shown by the present handsome appearance of his house.

The cider press of the Bierley Brothers, near this place is running full force.

The old McMeen dwelling house, in the Diamond, is being so thoroughly repaired that it will be practically a new house.

Mrs. Nancy Leyman, of Milesburg, after a period of illness, died on Sunday, October 2, at 6 o'clock p. m. Her son, Tom, arrived home in time to be with her when she died. The funeral services were held on Wednesday morning, October 5, at 10 o'clock.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

FOR
Indigestion,
Sick Headache,
Constipation,
Inactive Liver

The merchant planning business schemes;
The preacher struggling through his themes;
The statesman in assembly halls;
The broker wild with "puts and calls"
To *cool the blood* and brace the mind,
Will TARRANT'S SELTZER safest find.

Call for a Centre County Union Labor Convention.

The farmers who are opposed to having the prices of their products made in England; the soldiers who believe that the Government is able to and should do them the same justice it has already done the bond-holders; the skilled and unskilled laborers who believe that the present low rate of wages is both unnecessary and made by monopoly; and all who believe that the people's money should be among the people and not locked up in the United States Treasury, are invited to meet in County Convention, in Bellefonte, on Wednesday Oct. 12th, 1887, to protest against the said evils, and to put a full county ticket in the field.

Each labor, soldier or farmer's organization will be entitled to one delegate, and each borough, ward or township to one delegate each. Delegates will be required to agree to support the platform and ticket of the Union Labor Party.

T. P. RYNDER.
Chair. State Com. Union Labor Party.
MILESBURG, Sept. 20th, 1887.

—The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the Presbytery of Huntingdon was held at Mt. Union, last week. Mrs. Harris, of this place, was elected one of the vice presidents.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, October 5, 1887.

Red Wheat, old, per bushel	$ 85
Mixed Wheat, old	80
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	50
Corn (shelled)	50
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	30
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4.50
do prime and extra prime	4.75
do choice	5.00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5.20
Flour, wholesale	4.50
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$8.00—$10.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$8.50

Provision Markets.

[Corrected weekly by A. C. Moyer & Bro.]

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried, per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter, per pound	20
Cheese, per pound	16
Country Hams, per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12½
Country Bacon	8
Lard, per pound	10
Eggs, per dozen	20
New Potatoes, per bushel	60
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	8
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	35
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	$1.25—$1.30—$1.35
Apples, per bushel	40

Republican County Committee.

The following named gentlemen constitute the Republican Executive Committee of Centre county for the year 1887:

WILBUR F. REEDER, *Chairman*, Bellefonte.
C. P. HEWES, JOHN M. DALE, WM. E. GRAY, } *Secretaries.*

District.	*Name.*	*Address.*
Bellefonte, N W.,	W. L. Malin	Bellefonte
do S W.,	J A Feidler,	do
do W W.,	Clement Dale,	do
Millesburg boro...	Oscar E Miles	Milesburg
Millheim	Jerome Speiglemeyer	Millheim
Centre Hall	James C Boal	Centre Hall
Howard bor.	Hiram Lucas	Howard
Philipsburg, 1st W,	S S Crissman	Philipsburg
do 2d W,	T W Thompson	do
do 3d W,	G W Lichtenthaler	do
Unionville boro...	Benjamin Rich	Fleming
Benner twp.	Jos. W. Marshall	Bellefonte
Boggs, W P	Jacob A Crider	Milesburg
do E P	J M Parker	Roland
do N P	Jacob Yarnall	Yarnall
Burnside,	D M Stewart	Moshannon
College	Dr Theo S Christ	Lemont
Curtin	John A Daley	Howard
Ferguson, O P	Cyrus Goss	Pine Grove Mills
do N P	H C Campbell	Pine Grove Mills
Gregg, N P	Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
do S P	Wm M Allison	Spring Mills
Haines, W P	James P Coburn	Aaronsburg
do E P	Thos Hosterman Jr.	Woodward
Halfmoon	George W Fisher	Loverville
Harris	Wm McFarlane	Boalsburg
Howard	D W Schneck	Howard
Huston	Filmore Craig	Julian Furnace
Liberty	Thompson A Snyder	Blanchard
Marion	S H Bennison	Walker
Miles	Dr J W Bright	Rebersburg
Patton	Wm E Furst	Buffalo Run
Penn	O W VanValin	Coburn
Potter, N P	Geo M Boal	Centre Hall
do S P	Wm J Thompson	Potters Mills
Rush, N P	David Kincaid	Philipsburg
" S P	A C Moyer	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe, E P	George Shirer	Snow Shoe
" " W P	J H Brown	Moshannon
Spring	M T Riddle	Pleasant Gap
Taylor	John Weaver	Hannah Po
Union	B W Shipley	Fleming
Walker	Christ Swartz	Hublersburg
Worth	S S Miles	Port Matilda

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.
19 29 1y

She, too, Could Shine.

A few days ago a lady from San Francisco, who had a very solid bank account, went to Lake Tahoe on a pleasure trip with her daughter. She concluded that she would have a good time, and accordingly took along some plain, serviceable clothes and no jewelry. When she struck one of the fashionable resorts she found herself in the midst of a lot of people making a vulgar display of clothes and diamonds, and every time she turned around she was the subject of most unmerciful snubbing. She was put off in an obscure corner to eat, and not one of the fashionable guests condescended to show her the slightest civility. The lady bit her lips for a few days, took in the situation and with true feminine instinct decided on revenge. She dropped a line below, and presently there were deposited at the hotel twelve Saratoga trunks way-billed to her address. She and her daughter retired to their rooms, and that evening came down to the dining-room in a blaze of lace and diamonds that took everybody's breath away. No such gorgeous or tasty toilets had ever bewildered the guests at that hotel before. It blinded the eye to look at the pair as they quietly entered the room. The steward, after recovering his poise, rushed forward and pulled out two chairs from the most fashionable table in the hotel. She shook her head and replied, "The old table will do," and went to the obscure corner where she had eaten all the time.

The utmost consternation spread through the dining room, and the low hum of voices rose to a fashionable buzz as they warmly discussed the situation. Wasn't it awful? They had been snubbing a woman and her daughter all the week who could out-dress them all. In the evening they attempted to hedge, but couldn't to any considerable extent. The dudes tried to shine up to the girl, but she wouldn't have it, and those who tried to scrape an acquaintance with the mother found it like trying to run a tunnel into an iceberg. For a while she flashed like a comet through that hotel in a constant change of ravishing toilets, each more costly and bewildering than the others, until, like the Kings who pedestrianized in Macbeth, they threatened to stretch out till the crack of doom.

At the end of the week it was learned from the chambermaid that she had only gone through half of her immense Saratogas. There were several women there who had displayed at least a dozen different toilets, and they felt as if they would just die if she beat their record. But she kept right on, and when she was three ahead of their score they packed up and left. One by one she vanquished the leaders, and the rank and file capitulated, displaying the rarest generalship imaginable. If Mrs. —— appeared in any special color to make a spread in the morning she adopted that color at once, only in a dress that eclipsed the other as the sun outshines the dog-star.

She was the absolute John Sullivan of the toilet ring, and knocked out all who had the temerity to stand before her. The last of her opponents was a red-faced, vulgarly dressed woman from San Francisco, whose flashy toilets had attracted general attention and admiration from persons ignorant of harmony and color. Whatever dress this woman donned in the morning the fashionable Nemesis was on her trail with a color that literally killed the other. The heretofore cock of the walk was unable to stand her defeat, and packing her trunks, started home.

The army of snobs was routed and, one by one, dropped out of sight. They just settled up and quit. Then the quiet little lady resumed her plain clothes, put on an old straw hat with her daughter and went fishing. As the last gang left she absolutely had the coolness to be down at the wharf fishing in an old calico dress, cotton gloves and straw hat

The landlord considered that she literally cleaned his place out, and she thinks she had an awful lot of fun.

THE struggles between the Volunteer and the Thistle, last week, have a very much more serious side than that of a mere rivalry for the possession of a big and uncommonly ugly piece of silver. Sooner or later American commerce upon the ocean is bound to revive and we are once more to make good our claim to a large and profitable share of the carrying trade of the world transported in our own bottoms. To accomplish that we must build steamers as swift as those of any other nation and as capable of freight carriage at ruling rates. It is a long distance between a racing sloop and an ocean steamer, but there is a kinship between the designing and construction of both, and the country that can succeed so splendidly in one branch of naval architecture is necessarily possessed of the genius to triumph in the wider field. The victories of the Volunteer are a stimulus to hearty and productive effort in the competition for ocean supremacy, and it is altogether likely that she or her successors will long defend the championship trophy. May they always keep the cup here!

THE Treasury Department is in a quandary again over the surplus question and the buying of bonds to relieve business distress. Its seasons of relaxation seem to be exceedingly spasmodic and of short duration. The time of filling the sinking fund expires on the 8th, and then what to do is a most serious question. It is two months yet before Congress can give any relief, and how to bridge the interim is very annoying and perplexing. The Secretary has had a conference with the Wall Street bankers, and returned just in season to have a short interview with the President before he left for the West. It is said that the Secretary questions his authority to go much further, though the Wall Street sharks have no qualms of conscience on that point so long as they have bonds to sell at a good round price, but don't propose to tender them very lively at the last bid of the Secretary. The result of the interview with the President is not known, as they are extremely reticent at the Treasury Department, but the presumption is that no definite policy is settled upon up to this writing, and that telegraphic communication and special messengers will have to be relied on. This will sadly mar the pleasure of the President's trip, and of course cause more or less delay and confusion, and all for the want of some fixed, settled and definite policy in regard to our finances. All this uncertainty and perplexing anxiety could have been easily avoided by calling an extra session, and making amends for the criminal neglect of the last Congress. If the administration were alone the sufferers, we could view the situation with some complacency, but where the entire people are involved, such lack of forethought seems most stupid.

THE Knights of Labor convention, which is said to be the largest assemblege of organized labor ever brought together, is meeting in Minneapolis, Minn. The rink in which the convention is held will accommodate 12,000. Of the Chicago delegation, perhaps some are anarchists; but the convention is, as a rule, composed of good material, and it is said that Master Workman Terrence V. Powderly will be re-elected to that position. While Mr. Powderly is bold he is also cautious and conservative, and he is a most excellent leader.

—We suggest to the young men who have been in the habit of waiting in front of the Methodist church, on Sunday evenings, until church is out, that they go inside and hear the services. By so doing, they will improve the time, which we fear is wasted outside. They should know that "time is money," and as none of them, probably, have more than they want of the latter commodity they should be willing to convert part of their surplus time into dollars and cents.

A VOTE for Daniel Rhoads for associate Judge is a vote for retaining upon the bench an honest, upright judge, who will not make corrupt bargains of any kind; who will act, when called upon, in the line of his duty, with an eye single to the just execution of the law in favor of temperance, morality and virtue.

THE new comet, recently discovered by the astronomers, is said to be now visible to the naked eye, and may be found in the evening in the northwest sky. The comet is moving eastward, is large and bright, and promises to become more brilliant in a few weeks.

Medical.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is a peculiar medicine, and is carefully prepared by competent pharmacists. The combination and proportion of Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Yellow Dock, and other remedial agents is exclusively peculiar to Hood's Sarsaparilla, giving it strength and curative power superior to other preparations. A trial will convince you of its great medicinal value. Hood's Sarsaparilla

Purifies the Blood

creates and sharpens the appetite, stimulates the digestion, and gives strength to every organ of the body. It cures the most severe cases of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, and all other affections caused by impure blood, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Headache, Kidney and Liver Complaints, Catarrh, Rheumatism, and that extreme tired feeling.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla has helped me more for catarrh and impure blood than anything else I ever used." A. BALL, Syracuse, N. Y.

Creates an Appetite

"I used Hood's Sarsaparilla to cleanse my blood and tone up my system. It gave me a good appetite and seemed to build me over." E. M. HALE, Lima, Ohio.

"I took Hood's Sarsaparilla for cancerous humor, and it began to act unlike anything else. It cured the humor, and seemed to tone up the whole body and give me new life." J. F. NIXON, Cambridgeport, Mass. Send for book giving statements of cures.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass

100 Doses One Dollar

New Advertisements.

A RARE COMBINATION

THE

REPUBLICAN

AND THE

WEEKLY PRESS

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THE LEADING FAMILY PAPER OF AMERICA,

FOR ONLY $2.00.

THE WEEKLY PRESS is a Republican eight-page newspaper containing a complete digest of all the news of the week—a full report of all the leading markets of the country—the best farm department of any general newspaper—special departments for women and young people—a good original story in each number. In fact THE WEEKLY PRESS is a complete newspaper.

THE REPUBLICAN

Contains all the home and local news, and all other items of special interest to the people of Centre county. Taken together, these two papers furnish the complete necessary general reading matter essential to every family in Centre county.

They will be sent to any address for **$2.00** *in advance*, postage free, which is practically the price of one paper.

No such offer has ever heretofore been made and we are confident beyond successful competition in this country. Old subscribers desiring to take advantage of this offer, who may have already paid in advance, can do so by accepting our terms and their subscription will be credited a year in advance of the present payment.

This liberal offer is open alike to all. Sample copies of the WEEKLY PRESS will be sent free on application. Address:

REPUBLICAN,
Bellefonte, Pa.

The Leaders in Oregon.

T. K. Bolton, Druggist Ashland, Oregon, writes as follows in regard to the Gilmore Remedies:—"I am very much pleased with your remedies. They give fine satisfaction. The Magnetic Elixir is one of my leaders; the Aromatic Wine is a very excellent article; and the Pile specific and Neuralgia Cure are all you claim for them." Among the hundreds of remedies for affections of the throat and lungs there is none to equal Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir. In all cases of coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis, asthma, etc., it affords instant and gratifying relief.

Miss E. S. Snyder, firm of Snyder Sisters, has returned from New York and Philadelphia with the largest and finest line of millinery ever brought to Bellefonte. General opening days, Oct. 7 and 8. All are invited to call.

19 40 4t SNYDER SISTERS.

Fall and Winter Season—1887-'88. All our new *Woolens* now on sale.

MONTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, J. Miles Walker, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid that an election will be held in the said county of Centre, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1887,

for the purpose of electing one person for Supreme Judge.

One person for State Treasurer
One person for Associate Judge
One person for Treasurer for the county of Centre
One person for Sheriff for the county of Centre
One person for Register for the county of Centre
One person for Recorder for the county of Centre
Two persons for Commissioners for the county of Centre
Two persons for Auditors for the county of Centre

I also make known and give notice that the places of holding the aforesaid election in the several Boroughs and Townships within the county of Centre are as follows, to-wit:

For the township of Haines (eastern precinct) at the public school house at Woodward
For the township of Haines (western precinct) at the public house of Andrew Immel, Aaronsburg
For the township of Gregg (northern precinct) at Murray's school house
For the township of Gregg (southern precint) at the public house owned by J B Fisher, at Penn Hall
For the borough of Centre Hall at the public school house in said borough
For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown
For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman
For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg
For the township of Potter (northern precinct) at the public house of D J Moyer, in Centre Hall
For the township of Potter (southern precinct) at the house owned by J B Fisher, of Penn Hall, and occupied by Frank Hosterman
For the township of College, at the school house at Lemont
For the township of Ferguson (old precinct) in the school house at Pine Grove
For the township of Ferguson (new precinct) at the school house in Baileyville
For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg
For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray
For the borough of Bellefonte and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte
For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg
For the township of Howard, at the school house in said borough
For the borough of Howard, at the public school house in said borough
For the township of Rush (northern precinct) in the public house at Cole Stream
For the township of Rush (southern precinct) in the public school house in the village of Powelton
For the township of Snow Shoe (eastern precinct) at the public school house in the village of Snow Shoe
For the township of Snow Shoe (western precinct) at the public school house in the village of Moshannon
For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel Kline in Jacksonville
For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg
For the township of Boggs (northern precinct) at the public school house, known as Walker school house
For the township of Boggs (western precinct) at public school house in Central City
For the township of Boggs (eastern precinct) at the public school house near Curtin's Works
For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house
For the township of Penn at the public house kept by Joseph Kleckner, at Coburn
For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical Church, in said borough
For the township of Liberty, at the school house in Eagleville.
For the township of Worth, at the school house in Port Matilda
For the township of Burnside, at the house of J B Boak
For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann's
For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house in Unionville
For the First and Second wards of the borough of Philipsburg, at the large public school house
For the Third ward of the borough of Philipsburg, at the small public school house.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, "That every person executing the office of justice of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate office or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary departments of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that any member of Congress or State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, are by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment for Judge, Inspector or Clerk of an election of this Commonwealth; and that no Inspector, Judge or any other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

At all elections held under the laws of the Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at 7 o'clock a. m. and closed at 7 o'clock p. m.

TICKETS TO BE VOTED.

The qualified electors will take notice of the following Acts of Assembly, approved the 12th day of March, 1886: "An Act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth."

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified electors of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections are hereby authorized and required to vote by tickets, printed or written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled outside "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers to be voted for, and shall be labelled "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all the county officers to be voted for, including the office of Senator and members of the Assembly voted for, and labeled "County," one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and shall be labeled "Borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 3d day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-Seven, and in the 111th year of the Independence of the United States.

J. MILES WALKER,
Sheriff of Centre County.

I HEREBY CAUTION ALL PERSONS AGAINST purchasing a certain note for Three hundred and twenty-five dollars, ($325) payable one day after date to the order of Mrs. Bella H. Rollar, and bearing date April 1, 1885, which I refuse to pay, not having received value for the same.

WILLIAM F. THOMPSON,
Fillmore, July 11, 1887. 19 28 3m

STRAYED.—Came upon the premises of the subscriber in Union township, Centre Co., Pa., on or about August 20, 1887, four head of young cattle—three being yearlings and one a two year old. The owner or owners are hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animals away or they will be disposed of according to law. D. P. SHIREY.
Fleming, Sept. 14, 1887. 19 47 4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Sarah Loy, deceased, late of Burnside township, having been granted to the undersigned, he requests all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. W. S. LOY,
19 38 6t Executor.

STRAYED.—Came upon the premises of the subscriber—on farm of J. H. Long—in Marion township, on or about the first of July, 1887, a black heifer without marks, about 2½ years old. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take the animal away, or it will be disposed of according to law.

JOEL KLING.
Walker, Sept. 21, 1887. 19 38 3t.

Pennsylvania Agricultural Works.

Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Hay Presses, Stump Pullers and Standard Agricultural Implements generally. Send for Catalogue.

19 37 4t A. B. FARQUHAR & SON, York, Pa.

BELLEFONTE,

Friday, October 14.

P. T. BARNUM'S

GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH,

Combined with the

Great London 3 Ring Circus

—AND—

MONSTER ROMAN HIPPODROME,

Making Ten United Monster Shows.

ANOTHER SHOW ADDED THIS SEASON.

Capital, $4,000,000. Daily Expenses, $7,000

Largest and Richest Amusement Enterprise on the face of the Globe.

King Theebaw's Remarkable Hairy Family,

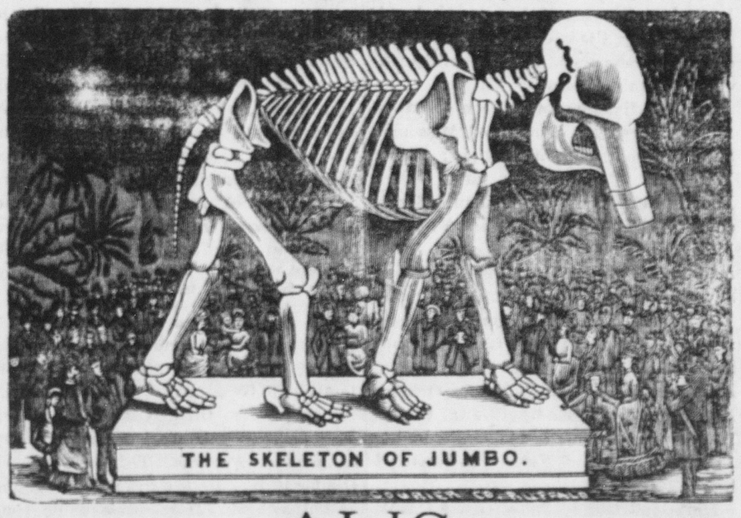
The most Marvelous Human Beings known to Exist. Revered and Honored as Sacred Mascots, or Luck-Bringers to the Burmese Empire. Secured at an Expense of $100,000 in Gold. First Time in a Christain Country.

Triple Circus Company in Three Big Rings. Huge Elevated Stage for Olympian Games. Two Immense Double Menageries of Wild and Trained Beasts. Mammoth Museum of Living Human Wonders. Grand Roman Hippodrome, with Glorious Races.

JUMBO—AS LARGE AS LIFE AND QUITE AS NATURAL.

AND HIS BIG POLISHED IVORY BONED ARTICULATED SKELETON

Only Elephant Skeleton on Exhibition Anywhere



THE SKELETON OF JUMBO.

ALIC,

THE AFFECTIONATE AND DISTRESSED COMPANION OF JUMBO.

CAPTAIN PAUL BOYTON,

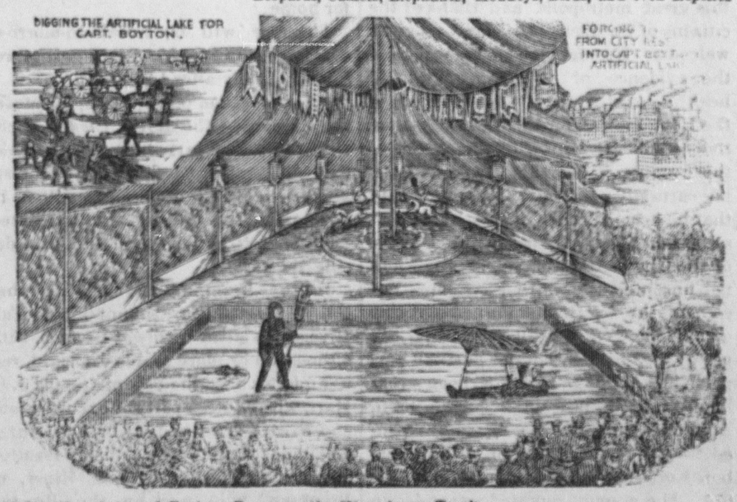
The Aquatic Marvel. Performing a Series of Wonderful Feats in a Specially Constructed Lake of Crystal Water.

THE FLYING GYMNASIUM,

Breath-Taking Acts on the Flying Trapeze, while Traveling at the Rate of Thirty Miles an Hour

MYRIADS OF INTENSELY INTERESTING AND STARTLING FEATURES, COLLECTED AT AN ENORMOUS EXPENSE.

Trained Horses, Dogs, Pigs, Ponies, Lions, Tigers, Panthers, Bears, Hyenas, Leopards, Camels, Elephants, Monkeys, Birds, and even Reptiles



100 Startling Acts and Furious Races on the Hippodrome Track.
300 Phenomenal and Daring Artists performing in 3 Rings.
100 Foreign Specialists Executing Perilous Feats on the Elevated Stage.
11 Acts going on at the Same Time.
1,000 New Features and Wonderful Attractions.

TREMENDOUS FREE STREET PARADE,

Containing over a Mile of Rich Objects and Rare Features, will leave the Grounds at 8 o'clock A. M.

Admission to Everything, 50 Cents. Two Exhibitions Daily, at 2 and 8 P. M. **Children under Nine, 25 Cents.** Doors open at 12.30 and 7 P. M.

For the Accommodation of those wishing to avoid the crowds at the wagon, an Office has been established at D. W. BAIRFOOT'S BOOK STORE, Next the POST OFFICE, where reserved numbered tickets can be bought at the regular price, and admission tickets at the usual slight advance, on the morning of the Show.

EXCURSION RATES ON ALL RAILROADS.

Will Exhibit in Lock Haven Oct. 15.

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

In two States.

BOSTON, September 28.—The corridors of the Tremont house were filled with delegates to the republican state convention at an early hour this morning. The main topic of discussion was the nomination for the attorney generalship, which seemed to have been practically settled in favor of Hon. Albert E. Pillsbury.

After the adoption of resolutions Mr. Hoar took the floor and in a brief address nominated Oliver Ames, of Easton, for governor. The convention nominated Mr. Ames by acclamation. J. Q. A. Brackett was nominated for lieutenant governor, unanimously. H. B. Pierce was nominated for secretary of state. Alanson W. Bear was chosen for state treasurer. Chas. R. Ladd was nominated for auditor.

SARATOGA, N. Y., September 28.—On the second day of the Democratic State Convention Frede ick Cook was nominated for secretary of state, Edward Wemple for comptroller, Lawrence J. Fitzgerald for state treasurer, Charles E. Tabor for attorney general, and John Bogart for state engineer and surveyor. The convention then adjourned.

Parade and Encampment.

ST. LOUIS, September 28.—It was after 9 o'clock this morning, before it was finally decided that despite the rain the comrades might be permitted to have their way, and aides were dispatched to the different hotels to announce that the signal to start the parade would be given at 10.30 o'clock. Then the comrades proceeded to get into overcoats, waterproofs, in fact into everything in the shape of apparatus that would keep the wet from their skins and prevent the rain from getting down their necks. Every available carriage, buggy, omnibus and vehicles of all descriptions were impressed into service, for the benefit of those who, from age and infirmity, were unable to take their places in the columns and brave the elements. Meanwhile the news that the parade would go on spread in all directions, and great masses of people gathered on the streets along the route, while the numerous stands which had been erected at available points filled up as if by magic. The rain kept falling, but the spectators did not seem to mind it, although tens of thousands of them were pretty well soaked long before the head of the column came into view. The main reviewing stand was located on the east of the triumphal arch at Twelfth and Olive streets, and by 10 o'clock it was packed with a distinguished and notable company.

The ten divisions were composed as follows: First, Department of Missouri; Second, Department of Illinois; Third, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania and Ohio; Fourth, New York Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Jersey, and Virginia; Fifth, California, New Hampshire, Potomac and Maryland; Sixth, Indiana; Seventh, Iowa, Nebraska and Colorado; Eighth, Kansas; Ninth, Michigan, Minnesota, Delaware, West Virginia, Washington territory and Kentucky; Tenth, Arkansas, Florida, Gulf, Dakota, Oregon, New Mexico, Montana, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Georgia, Texas, Utah, Idaho, Arizona, Brigade of Naval Veterans and Sons of Veterans.

Here and there a post armed with muskets or a drum corps broke the monotony of the line. As the column passed under the beautiful stained glass transparency of General Grant on Fourth street, between Locust and St. Charles streets, all the men uncovered their heads and passed by in silence.

The encampment opened in due form in the entertainment hall of the exposition building at 3.30 p. m. Commander-in-Chief General Fairchild presided. He sincerely congratulated the order that they were permitted to gather in this great metropolis, and thanked the citizens of St. Louis for their generous welcome. He was pleased to announce the evidence of a permanent and healthy growth of the Grand Army of the Republic and for the strong love for the order entertained by the people of this country. That this may continue, he earnestly cautioned every member that he keep watchful guard over himself when he acts or speaks as a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and not unconsciously further schemes foreign to the legitimate purposes of the organization. Article 9 forbidding the use of the organization for partisan purposes had, so far as he knew, been strictly observed in letter and spirit. From Adjutant General Gray's report he learned that the total number of members borne on the rolls of the order was 372,674. The amount reported expended in charity during the past year was $233,934.

Tennessee's Election.

NASHVILLE, September 29.—The American has figures indicating the defeat of the prohibition amendment by from ten to fifteen thousand.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., September 29.—Dispatches from all section of the state indicate that the prohibition election passed off quietly and that the largest vote ever cast was polled. No definite figures can yet be given on the result, but the returns so far indicate the defeat of the amendment in the state. The ladies took an active part in the election, and in all cities and town they were at the polls with free lunch stands and personally solicited voters. At every voting booth there was a display of banners, among them being "Vote for God, Home and Tennessee To-day;" "Vote for Mother, Wife and Sisters, They Have no Defense Save Your Ballot;" "The Women and Children of Tennessee Appeal to the Manhood of the State To-day," etc.. etc. The ladies were everywhere treated with respect. During the morning prayer meetings were held at the churches. At Athens when the vote was counted and it was ascertained that a majority of 120 was obtained for prohibition, all the ward workers bowed their heads and sang the doxology. The returns to the *Times* at 8 p. m. indicate that East Tennessee will give 20,000 majority for the amendment. This will make the result appear more doubtful.

After the Race.

NEW YORK, September 28.—After a mutual interchange of views between Superintendent Dickey, of the Dry Dock, and Mr. Watson, it was finally concluded that it would not be necessary to dock the Thistle, and that she would remain at anchor till it was time to start to Sandy Hook for to-morrow's race. Mr. Bell, owner of the Thistle, said to a reporter this morning: "I would like to see her out of water to just know what she is like. It is possible that there may have been something wrong with the turpentine in the paint, and it may have blistered and roughened her bottom. We account for the Thistle's defeat in the first place by the Volunteer getting the best of us at the start. That was fatal. Once she caught the breeze and put such a stretch of water between us as she did, I knew it was all up. Then there is a mystery about the way the Thistle worked. Why, she has done better under her trysail."

In an interview to-day Mr. Bell, owner of the Thistle, complained very bitterly of the action of the numerous excursion boats which followed the race and which he claimed seriously interfered with the Thistle. "The course over which we sailed yesterday," he said, "is the worst I ever sailed. To call it a race course is like calling a man a horse. If I had known a year ago that it was so bad and that hundreds of excursion boats would kill our chances, the Thistle would not be in these waters now nor would she have been built. The exhibition was horrible. If any Englishman had an intention of challenging for the cup he would reconsider his intention after seeing the race of yesterday. I'll tell you one thing which may be a surprise. There is in the country now a gentleman of Scotland who came here with the deliberate object of challenging for the cup in the event of the Thistle's defeat. The exhibition of yesterday sickened him and now he won't challenge unless under specially prepared rules. Unless America announces to English yachtsmen that the races in future will be sailed outside and that the excursion boats will be kept within bounds, there will be no other challenges for the trophy."

No Race on Thursday.

NEW YORK, September 29.—The following dispatch was received from Highlands at 10.05 a. m.: The weather still remains very thick. The steam fog Siren, at Sandy Hook, is going full blast at minute intervals. This shows that the fog is dangerously thick at that point as well as here. It is not probable that a start will be made to-day unless the fog lifts and wind rises by noon, which weather wise people hereabouts say is not at all probable.

By 11 o'clock the wind had gone down to six miles an hour and the fog was getting thicker; half an hour later the wind fell to four miles an hour, but the fog was so dense that nothing could be seen beyond a few hundred yards.

At 12 34 the Electra signalled that the race was off for to-day, and the excursion boats at once put about and headed for home.

The race will be sailed to-morrow, weather permitting. Both yachts returned shortly after 1 o'clock.

After luncheon on the yacht Mohican, the flagship of the Royal Clyde Yacht club, the entire party boarded the Thistle. All were emphatic in their protests against the action of the committee in not starting the race at the appointed hour and letting the wind and tide decide the rest.

In the thumping and heaving that the vessels had to submit to the Fall River Line steamer City of Brocton, with a thousand or more people on board, ran her quarter onto the bow of the tug J. C. Hart, with another party of excursionists, and stove a hole in her bottom, three feet under water. The collision resulted in breaking the leg of Isle Miner, of Brooklyn, who was on the Brocton and the disappearance of John Walsh and two others from the party. It has been said that the missing men were knocked over board when the vessels collided, but it is difficult to see how they could have been lost in that great congregation of craft.

Columbus Next Year.

Special to the Altoona Tribune.

ST. LOUIS, September 29.—Columbus, O., has been decided on as the place for the next encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. At to-day's session Senator Hamilin, of Maine, made a stirring speech in relation to Mormonism. Judge Ray, of Minnesota, will likely be the commander-in-chief.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, January 31, 1887.

WESTWARD	Exp A M	Mail P M.
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	3 40
Flemington	9 05	3 45
Mill Hall	9 09	3 48
Beech Creek	9 25	4 03
Eagleville f	9 30	4 08
Howard	9 44	4 22
Mount Eagle f	9 54	4 32
Curtin	10 01	4 38
Milesburg	10 12	4 48
Bellefonte	10 35	5 00
Milesburg	10 44	5 10
Snow Shoe Int	10 48	5 14
Unionville	10 58	5 24
Julian	11 09	5 35
Martha	11 19	5 47
Port Matilda	11 27	5 56
Hannah f	11 36	6 05
Fowler f	11 39	6 08
Dix f	11 42	6 11
Bald Eagle	11 48	6 19
Vail	11 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	12 05	6 37
EASTWARD	P.M.	A
Leave Tyrone	7 15	8 10
East Tyrone	7 22	8 17
Vail	7 28	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 34	8 25
Dix f	7 41	8 30
Fowler f	7 45	8 32
Hannah f	7 50	8 36
Port Matilda	8 00	8 48
Martha	8 10	8 51
Julian	8 22	8 59
Unionville	8 25	9 10
Snow Shoe Int	8 35	9 13
Milesburg	8 39	9 22
Bellefonte	8 49	9 32
Milesburg	9 01	9 47
Curtin	9 11	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 17	10 08
Howard	9 27	10 16
Eagleville f	9 40	10 30
Beech Creek	9 45	10 35
Mill Hall	10 01	10 50
Flemington f	10 05	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 10	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Jan. 31, 1887

Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:25 a m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9.00 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.00 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.15 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.29 p m

Leaves Bellefonte at 8:05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:00 p m.

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Jan. 31, 1887.

Dis.	Westward a.m.	p.m.		Eastward a.m.	a.m	p.m
0	5.50	1.30	MONTANDON	6.30	9.10	5.45
1.5	6.00	1.40	Ar. LEWISBURG Lv	5.20	9.00	5.35
1.5	6.05	1.40	Lv. LEWISBURG Ar		9.00	5.35
5.4	6.15	1.48	Biehl f		8.51	5.22
6.8	6.22	1.56	Vicksburg f		8.45	5.15
10.7	6.33	2.09	MIFFLINBURG		8.33	5.3
12.1	6.40	2.16	Barber f		8.26	4.55
13.2	6.46	2.22	Swengle f		8.20	4.46
16.1	6.53	2.27	Millmont		8.18	4.43
18.6	7.00	2.37	LAURELTON		8.12	4.30
23.5	7.08	2.53	Pardee f		7.58	4.1
24.7	7.12	3.01	Welker f		7.54	4.09
28.9	7.27	3.07	Cherry Run f		7.45	3.58
32.2	7.35	3.17	Paddy Mt. Tunnel f		7.35	3.48
33.9	7.41	3.20	Fowler f		7.32	3.42
36.6	7.49	3.30	Coburn		7.23	3.30
39.6	7.56	3.40	Zerby f		7.15	3.23
43.4	8.10	3.50	Rising Springs		7.06	3.15
46.2	8.19	4.00	Penn's Cave f		6.58	3.07
49.2	8.27	4.07	CENTRE HALL		6.50	3.00
51.6	8.34	4.12	Gregg f		6.43	2.53
54.6	8.43	4.23	Linden Hall		6.36	2.45
56.7	8.52	4.27	OAK HALL		6.30	2.37
58.3	8.56	4.30	LEMONT		6.26	2.31
60.2	9.03	4.36	Dale Summit f		6.20	2.25
63.9	9.14	4.45	Pleasant Gap f		6.09	2.12
65.2	9.19	4.51	Axeman f		6.04	2.05
67.4	9.28	4.55	BELLEFONTE		6.00	2.00

CHAS E. PUGH ..... General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON ..... General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL ..... Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—To take effect Monday, Jan. 24, 1887.

EASTWARD. No. 4.	No. 2.	Dis.	STATIONS.	Dis.	WESTWARD. No. 1.	No. 3
P. M.	A. M.				A. M	P. M
7 00	9 00	18.	Ar. Bellef'te Lv	0.	6 10	4 40
6 50	8 50	14.7	Hastings, F	3.2	6 20	4 45
6 42	8 42	12.5	Hunters	5.5	6 25	4 55
6 39	8 39	11.2	Fillmore	6.8	6 31	5 01
6 35	8 35	10.	Sellers, F	8.	6 35	5 05
6 30	8 30	8.	Waddles	10.	6 40	5 10
6 10	8 10	3.2	Thompson, F	14.8	7 00	5 30
6 06	8 06	2.	Krumrine	16.	7 04	5 34
6 00	8 00	0.	State College	18.	7 10	5 40

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.

Train 2 will connect with trains East and West on B. E. V. R. R.

Train 3 will connect with train West on B. E. R. R.

Train 4 will connect with train East on B. E. V. R. R., and with train West on Snow Shoe Branch.

THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Sup't.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Jan. 31, 1887.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixe A. M
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 26
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 15	5 50
Marengo f	1 25	5 55
Loveville f	1 30	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 35	6 10
Dungarvin	1 39	6.13
Warriors Mark	1 55	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. and T. June	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 30
Pennington	4 55	9 45
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 58
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 26	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 38
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Jan. 31, 1887:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 25 p m
" "	Harrisburg	3 30 a m
" "	Williamsport	7 10 a m
" "	Jersey Shore	7 35 a m
" "	Lock Haven	7 58 a m
" "	Renovo	8 50 a m
" arr at	Erie	4 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves	Philadelphia	7 40 a m
" "	Harrisburg	11 25 a m
" arr. at	Williamsport	2 18 p m
" "	Lock Haven	3 30 p m
" "	Renovo	4 30 p m
" "	Kane	8 35 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 00 p m
FAST LINE leaves	Philadelphia	11 50 a m
"	Harrisburg	3 45 p m
	Williamsport	7 10 p m
arr at	Lock Haven	8 02 p m
"	Renovo	9 00 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves	Phil'a	4 30 a m
" "	Harrisburg	7 40 a m
" " "	W'm'sport	10 35 a m
" " "	Lock Haven	11 33 a m
" arr. at	Renovo	12 30 p m
EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves	L. Haven	7 05 a m
" " "	Jer'y S're	7 35 a m
" " "	W'msp't	8 15 a m
" arr. at	Harrisb'g	11 30 a m
" " "	Phila'phia	3 15 p m
DAY EXP leaves	Kane	6 25 a m
" "	Renovo	10 20 a m
" "	Lock Haven	11 15 a m
"	Williamsport	12 20 p m
" arr at	Harrisburg	3 13 p m
" "	Philadelphia	6 50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	2 45 p m
" "	Renovo	11 00 p m
"	Lock Haven	11 58 p m
"	Williamsport	1 25 a m
" arr at	Harrisburg	4 20 a m
"	Philadelphia	8 25 a m
RENOVO ACM leaves	Renovo daily	4 05 p m
" arrives at	Harrisb'g	9 30 p m
" "	Philadelphia	4 25 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

ROBERT NEILSON Gen'l Supt.

GIVE THEM A CHANCE.

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When these are clogged and choked with matter which ought not to be there, your lungs cannot half do their work. And what they do, they cannot do well.

Call it cold, cough, croup, pneumonia, catarrh, consumption or any of the family of throat and nose and head and lung obstructions, all are bad. All ought to be got rid of. There is just one sure way to get rid of them. That is to take Boschee's German Syrup, which any druggist will sell you at 75 cents a bottle. Even if everything else has failed you, you may depend on this for certain.

19 3 1y

Prof. George E. Bible and wife, of Lock Haven's Central State Normal School, made a flying visit to Tyrone this week.

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Leading chemists & physicians say "no plaster has ever been made which for medicinal value begins to equal the ATHLOPHOROS PLASTERS."
Send 6 cents for a beautiful colored picture, the "Moorish Girl"
PLASTERS
For Strains, pain in back, side or chest, for Weakness, colds &c they are worth their weight in gold. Ask your druggist for them.
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19-3-1-y

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REFERENCES—

HIRAM TORREY, Esq., New York City,

J. C. GOODRICH, Esq.,

19 40 1y Tribune Building, New York City.

Miscellaneous.

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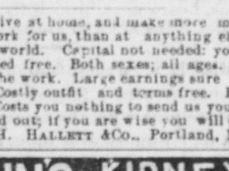

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TREATMENT.—One Month, $3. Two Mos. $5. Three, $7

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SEINES, NETS, TENTS and SPORTING GOODS. Double Barrel Breech Loading Shot Guns, choke bored $10 to $100. Single Breech Loading Shot Guns, $4 to $25. Every kind of Breech Loading and Repeating Rifles, $3 to $40. Muzzle Loading Double Shot Guns, $5 to $35. Single Shot Guns, $2 50 to $ 2. Revolvers, $1 to 0. Double Action Self Cockers, $2?0 to $30. All kinds of Cartridges, Shells, Caps, Wads, Tools, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Primers. Send 2 cents for Illustrated Catalogue. Address GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, 21 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURG PA.

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1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.25
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7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
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13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.50
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease	.50
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.50
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Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N. Y.

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Makes a complete Fire Department for any Country Home out of a common wood pump, at a very small cost. WORTH FIFTY TIMES ITS COST if you need it to put out a fire, and extremely handy for lots of other things

Ready for action in ONE-EIGHTH OF A MINUTE.

Energetic business men who will give it proper attention are wanted to handle this pump in every town in Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland, Delaware, Virginia, and North Carolina, and will be accorded control of suitable territory, not already occupied.

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, MANUFACTURER OF ALL SIZES AND STYLES OF WOOD PUMPS.

Office: 25 N. E. CITY HALL SQUARE, Opposite Broad St Station P. R. R.

19 16 13t eow PHILADELPHIA, PA.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION Proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth for their approval or rejection by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution of the commonwealth:

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met*, That the following is proposed as a amendment of the constitution of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out from section one of article eight, the four qualifications for voters which reads as follows:

"If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election," so that the section which reads as follows:

"Every male citizen, twenty one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceeding the election.

Fourth. If twenty two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid, within two years, a state or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months, and paid at least one month before the election, shall be amended, so as to read as follows:

Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at the polling place of the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least thirty days.

Second. He shall have resided in the state one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the state, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months) immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least thirty days immediately preceding the election. The legislature, at the session thereof, next after the adoption of this section, shall, and from time to time thereafter may, enact laws to properly enforce this provision.

Fourth. Every male citizen of the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a citizen for thirty days and an inhabitant of this state one year next preceeding an election, except at municipal elections, and for the last thirty days a resident of the election district in which he may offer his vote, shall be entitled to vote at such election in the election district of which he shall at the time be a resident and not elsewhere for all officers that now are or hereafter may be elected by the people: *Provided*, That in time of war no elector in the actual military service of the State or of the United States, in the army or navy thereof, shall be deprived of his vote by reason of his absence from such election district, and the legislature shall have power to provide the manner in which and the time and place at which such absent electors may vote, and for the return and canvass of their votes in the election district in which they respectively reside.

Fifth. For the purpose of voting, no person shall be deemed to have gained or lost a residence by reason of his presence or absence while employed in the service of the United States or the State, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the high seas, nor while a student of any college or seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or public institution, except the inmates of any home for disabled and indigent soldiers, who, for the purpose of voting, shall be deemed to reside in the election district where said home is located. Laws shall be made for ascertaining, by proper proofs, the citizens who shall be entitled to the right of suffrage hereby established.

A true copy of the joint resolution.

CHARLES W. STONE,
19 31 13t Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION proposed to the citizens of this Commonwealth for their approval or rejection by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Published by order of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, in pursuance of Article XVIII of the Constitution.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth:

SECTION 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment is proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the Eighteenth Article thereof:

AMENDMENT

There shall be an additional article to said Constitution to be designated as article XIX, as follows:

ARTICLE XIX

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of intoxicating liquor, to be used as a beverage, is hereby prohibited, and any violation of this prohibition shall be a misdemeanor, punishable as shall be provided by law.

The manufacture, sale, or keeping for sale of into icating liquor for other purposes than as a beverage may be allowed in such manner only as may be prescribed by law. The General Assembly shall, at the first session succeeding the adoption of this article of the Constitution, enact laws with adequate penalties for its enforcement.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

CHARLES W. STONE,
19 31 13t Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AGENTS double their money selling our brass finished corrugated REFLECTING SAFETY LAMP. Can be sold in every family. Gives more light than three ordinary lamps. Send forty cents for complete lamp and be convinced. Circulars sent free. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. 19 36 10t

SALESMEN WANTED to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock! Steady employment guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Apply at once, stating age. (Refer to this paper. 19 36 2m

Chase Brothers Company, ROCHESTER, N.Y

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Golden October is here.

—The foliage on many of the trees is beautiful beyond description.

—Centre Hall wants a big hotel and expects a syndicate along some day to erect it.

—Out in Conewage township, York county, there is a blackberry bush covered with ripe berries.

—Centre county cannot centennialize until February 13, 1900, though Bellefonte can celebrate in 1895.

—September made her exit as warm as mid-summer, and October entered with an equally warm temperature.

—About thirty firemen of Tyrone aided their Philipsburg brethren on Friday to dedicate the new Silsby fire engine recently purchased by the latter.

—Nine thousand five hundred and sixty-five voters are registered in Centre county. Six thousand of them should vote for the Republican candidates.

—Rev. J. M. Reilley, pastor of St. Peter's Catholic church at Lancaster, has been appointed to take charge of the Roman Catholic church in Renovo.

—New boardwalks are being laid along the south side of East Howard street and substantial gutters are also being constructed along the same thoroughfare.

—Gas was on Friday struck four miles from Uniontown, at a depth of 1,500 feet. The strike has increased the price of land in the vicinity about 25 per cent.

—We are informed that Mr. C. P. Hilder will leave for California in a few weeks. His family expect to go to Renovo this week and will not go to California until later in the season.

—Having once put on an overcoat it is next to impossible for some men to lay it aside even in moderate weather. This morning they appeared almost as numerously as they did during the cool weather.

—The appraisers of the estate of R. Hare Powell Sons & Co., filed their report in Philadelphia on Wednesday of last week. The inventory reaches $4,300,000, more than enough to meet all the liabilities of the firm.

—Judge White, of Pittsburg, has made a decision which will be of considerable interest to the colored population of the country. It is in effect that a colored man's countenance is *prima facie* evidence that he was born in this country, and is therefore a citizen of the United States.

—We notice there is an unaccountable disposition on the part of the Democrats to keep their candidate for associate judge, Mr. Grove, decidedly in the shade Did they put him on the ticket only for fun of the thing? We know that fine shady groves are always associated with a picnic.

—The Sons of Veterans picniced in Humes' Grove on Friday, and although the early part of the day was not favorable for such a festivity, the weather became more agreeable after dinner and a great many people ventured to the picnic ground. The afternoon and evening were very enjoyable.

—Fires are glowing in the furnaces of the Valentine Ore Land Association, though the manufacture of iron has not commenced. More buildings are constantly being erected for the purpose of the business. Quite an army of workmen surrounds the works adding to the completeness of the preparations.

—On Sunday, September 25, several boys were sitting on a fence near a church in Millheim. They shook the fence violently with the object of shaking each other off. Dan. Breon was the first to fall and another boy fell on top of him, breaking Dan's collar bone in two places. We hope Dan will soon recover.

—The "poverty dance" is the latest innovation. Invitations printed on straw board are enclosed in cheap yellow envelopes and circulated. Tickets for the ball are forty-six cents and supper nineteen cents. No gentleman is allowed to participate who has less than two patches on his clothes and the ladies must be dressed in calico.

—"What a habit some people have of saying "Yes, indeed." remarked one Bellefonte gentleman to another this morning. "Have they?" asked the other as if he seemed to doubt it; "my experience is quite the opposite. For instance, I asked a Bishop street girl, last night, if she would marry me and to my surprise she said "No, indeed."

—The Sixteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry held a reunion at Sunbury on Tuesday of last week. General D. M. Gregg, who commanded the cavalry at Gettysburg, was the principal speaker. General J.T. Gregg, who commanded a regiment, was also present. The next annual reunion will be held at Gettysburg, when the regiment monument will be dedicated.

—On Tuesday evening of last week the Pittsburg *Penny Press* published a column special from St. Louis giving a graphic account of the great parade of the Grand Army of the Republic. It would have been regarded as a brilliant journalistic feat had it not been for one slight circumstance—the parade was postponed on account of rain. There is such a thing as being too enterprising some times.

Bold Attempt to take from Bellefonte one of its Principal Industries.

Citizens of other communities are constantly on the alert to attract business investments, and our business men sometimes receive letters which must prove very alluring, especially in comparison with the somewhat selfish policy toward such enterprises which is pursued at home. We have not heard of any that intend to accept proposals of this sort, but to give our readers an idea of the very strong inducements held out we quote from a letter just received by a prominent manufacturer of this place from a gentleman in Findley, Ohio. He writes:

"Now, I think it would pay you to come to Findley and see what we can do for you. Findley is giving better inducements to manufacturers than any other town in America. If you bring your factory here we will give you all the land that is required for it, and furnish you all the gas you can use for all purposes of manufacturing, free of charge, as long as the gas holds out. If it requires ten acres of land for your factory you will get it and all the gas you can use without costing you a cent. Findley has now five glass factories, one axe factory, three rolling mills, one chain and cable mill, one lantern factory, one large furniture factory, one nail mill and other smaller factories all started here within the last two years. We have sixty million feet of natural gas per day to give free of charge to manufacturers who will establish here. It's as free as water. We will soon have two street railroads in operation. We are putting up water works which will be finished next year. We are building a new court house at a cost of two hundred thousand dollars. It will be under roof this fall. Findley has a population of 13,000 and in another year will have 20,000. I haven't said anything about our oil fields. We have the best oil fields in America, now producing thousands of barrels per day. But oil is so low in price that it seems scarcely worthy of mention. Our railroad facilties are good. We have the Lake Erie and Western, the Columbus and Toledo and the L., B. and W. Findley is going to be the best town in Ohio.

Letter List.

Following is a complete list of the letters remaining uncalled for in the post-office at Bellefonte, Centre county, Penn'a, September 26, 1887:

Centre Iron Company, John Frey, Matthew Gartland, Geo. S. Hannigh, E F. Keyes, Miss M. Knight, J. O. Meiss, George B. Morris, John McCarty, Wm. J. Samuel, Mrs. G. W. Smith, Mary G. Shaffner, Charlie M. Sprate, Mrs. Chas. Watre.

Hungarian and Italian letters, unclaimed.

Gyoric Andrascik, Agojlino Aniodeo, Giovanni Assatone, Piotr Barnowski, Giovannia Chiorazzi, Angelantonio Capellucio, Rosario Cirillo, Nicola Castandino, Antonio Cenedetto, Pasqualle Cerri, Raffaele Codaro, Michelanglo Capparelli —2, Antonio Di Geneva, Ennico Dieraceini, Domerico Fierari, Nagy Ferentz, Carmino Falvo, Jacques Girand, Lorentz Gulov, Giovanni Gualberto, Raffaele Ippolito, Josef Lavalyidaoga, Giovanni Marcullo, John Manczak, Vincengo Mondulto, Bovanik Michaly, D'ottavio Marma, Raffaele Napolito, Guissepantonio Panzella, Sabatino Placella, Nicolo Siocliva, Andras Vargo, Cocio Wicajtro, Saville Vescio, Andras Zeofesak.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

Pupils in the Schools.

At our request, Prof. D. M. Lieb furnishes the following figures concerning the number of pupils enrolled in the public schools at present. He states that the number of pupils will continue to increase until November 1, when the highest enrollment will be reached.

STONE BUILDING.

Miss Wright	73
" Fox	38
" Weaver	42
" Bottorf	46
" McCaffrey	41
" Humes	38
Mr. Furey	32
Total	310

BRICK BUILDING.

Miss Levy	70
" Powers	64
" Rankin	56
" Hewes	46
" Shortlidge	42
Total	278
High School	65
Total for Borough	653

The Steam Laundry.

It is a subject of much satisfaction to our citizens that Mr. John S. Evans has come to Bellefonte to take charge of the steam laundry, on Howard street. Mr. Evans is a cultured gentleman and a man of business. He understands all departments of the laundry business, and has given all the machinery in the laundry a thorough overhauling. As a consequence, the work now being turned out there is very superior. The clothes that have gone through the laundry process show a snowy whiteness which is beautiful to behold. Several employes are kept constantly at work.

All who desire laundry work executed in the very best manner can safely entrust it to Mr. Evans. A telephone has been placed in the office and it is only necessary to send your order and the clothes will be called for, the work done promptly and the clothes speedily delivered. All work will be guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction.

On a Timely Topic.

Nothing more stirring has appeared for a long time than the appeal that comes from the inmates of the Tennessee State prison, at Nashville, in behalf of Prohibition. It is signed by 401 convicts and runs in part as follows:

"We, the inmates of the State Penitentiary, knowing by observation and convinced by undeniable facts that liquor is the cause of all the misery we endure, of all the hardships and privations we subject those dependent upon us, do hereby most earnestly ask that the voters of this great state may seriously consider the question before them and give their aid in word and deed to the cause of Prohibition."

Canon Wilberforce, in the St. Mary's (Southampton) Parochial Magazine, referring to the Temperance reform in this country writes:

"I have moved much amongst the devoted friends of temperance in America, and amongst the tried veterans of the cause, and I am convinced in that great and growing centre of the world's civilization the temperance question is rapidly being recognized as transcending all others in importance. Intelligent Americans are awakening to the fact that unless they conquer the liquor traffic the liquor traffic will conquer them, and they are fighting it resolutely and courageously over the whole continent. On the other side of the Atlantic it is a real battle, and not mere child's play."

—The fact that some of the summer residents of Bellefonte are now bidding our town a temporary farewell and returning to their city homes suggests to us the query: Why do not a greater number of city people select Bellefonte as their summer residence? Among its attractions as a summer home are a lovely location, salubrious climate and a surrounding country abounding in interesting features and charming scenery. It has social attractions; but it does not exact social requirements to the extent that prevails at the ultra fashionable resorts, and which are likely to counteract all beneficial effects. Here all is restful, pleasing and interesting without being stupidly quiet—in brief, just what people require. Nor are they compelled here to give up modern conveniences as is the case in the country, because Bellefonte has all that are in existence.

—An event which is somewhat rare in Bellefonte occurred on Thursday near the railroad in the western part of the town. Two men who desired to prove their fistic proficiency retired to a secluded place and had two or three rounds, marked by little science and much hard slugging. A crowd gathered around them and Burgess Hale, who arrived, at once put a stop to the mill. The burgess is to be commended for his promptness in stopping all such disgraceful proceedings. While sparring, properly conducted, may have its place in physical culture, all such set-tos should be prohibited in Bellefonte.

—Some one informs us that the registry of voters of Bellefonte this year is 200 greater than it was last. Last year showed a large increase over the previous year. It was a small estimate, last year, to place the population of Bellefonte at 4,000. The increase of 1,000 since that time (for each voter represents five people) suggests that Bellefonte now contains 5,000 people, and strangers are coming here daily. It is safe to predict that in a very few years Bellefonte will be a handsome city, leaving Lock Haven in the rear in population as it already does in most other respects.

—We regretted to learn last Thursday of the death of Mrs. Noah Musser, which sad event occurred at 3 o'clock at her late residence a half-mile this side of Fillmore. She was a most excellent and much esteemed lady. For a long time she has been afflicted with a cancer of the breast, which ended her life at the time above mentioned. The funeral services were held at 10 o'clock on Friday morning.

—We are informed that an exchange of property has occurred between prominent residents of this place. Mrs. Blanchard, widow of the late Edmund Blanchard, Esq., has exchanged her property on High street for that of Mr. William Jenkins on Linn street. The two families will soon make a mutual exchange of their places of abode.

—We understand that the fellows who engaged in the prize fight last Thursday, expect to renew it again at the first opportunity. If this is so we hope that the police will take immediate action to prohibit it and also to prevent any parties from engaging in such a disgraceful proceeding. To arrest such offenders is perhaps the best way.

—The Sir Knights of the Golden Eagle of the Castles in Clearfield, Centre, Mifflin, Huntingdon and Blair counties have been invited to attend the institution of Shaver's Creek Castle, No. 208, of Mooreville, (Neff's Mill) on October 13th. The ceremony will be performed by District Grand Chief C. Benton Roper and staff.

Runaway on High Street.

Down town had its excitement again Friday. It was a runaway. The team of horses owned by Mr. Solt, of Zion, were in town on Smith St., near West High. The were attached to a lumber wagon. Finding themselves at liberty, they started to run. They came rapidly along Smith street to High, turned the corner nicely and continued running east across the railroad track, the teamsters in front of them giving them the right of way by moving close up to the curb. They did not attempt to go on both sides of the upright in the bridge at once, but, sensibly, both of them passed on the north side. Then began the run up High street which is enough to tire the best team of horses in existence. They slackened their pace at Spring street and were caught. The owner, Mr. Solt, followed slowly after them, apparently not much concerned. East along High street is a good place for a runaway, if the animals can be prevented from colliding with anything.

—The transfer of the Bedford Springs property to the Pittsburg syndicate is proceeding rapidly. Messrs. P. C. Knox, James M. Bailey, W. K. Morehead and J. Willis Dalzell, members of the syndicate, were at Bedford on Monday of last week to close the contract. The money was paid and the deed delivered on Tuesday. The other members of the syndicate are John W. Chalfant, H. Lippincott, D. T. Watson and W. E. Schmertz, the last mentioned of Bedford. A company will be formed and a charter secured. The improvements to be made this fall cannot be of an extensive character owing to the lateness of the season. One new building will be put up adjoining the main building on the north. A bottling establishment will also be constructed and agencies for the sale of the water will be arranged in all the principal cities. Among the plans of the syndicate, which will not, however, be carried out until the close of next season, are an addition of two stories to the present brick buildings and the erection of a new hotel on a gently sloping knoll which will command a fine view of a number of cottages, also to be constructed.

Getting Ready for Work.

Thursday the pleasing news came to us that the scale of wages has been signed and that the pots would be set and fires started at the glass works. Several days will elapse while the furnace is heating, but all arrangements will be completed for active work next week. In some respects this is Bellefonte's most important industry. The number of men employed is large, the wages high and the benefits throughout the town correspondingly great. Bellefonte glass is in demand wherever it has been tried and the market for it is constantly becoming more extended. The prospect of a full season's work is particularly cheering.

—A stranger walked into one of Bellefonte's big hotels the other day and after registering asked the clerk if he could have room No. 8. The clerk looked at him curiously and asked him why he preferred that room. "Why, I have some important matters which I meditate and reflect upon." "But what has all that got to do with the number of your room?" asked the somewhat dull clerk. "Oh, it's sort of appropriate, don't you see? I wish to room in 8 because I wish to ruminate. Now, can you comprehend?" "Exactly so!" answered the clerk who also lapsed into sort of a ruminating mood. The stranger was shown to the mysterious number.

—The Williamsport *Sun and Banner* and the *Gazette and Bulletin*, of the same city, are having a lively discussion upon the important questions as to which is the handsomest and which has the largest circulation. Each of them claims to be the handsomest paper in Central Pennsylvania. As a matter of taste ours is in favor of the *Gazette and Bulletin* and it is reasonable to suppose that it also has the largest circulation. As for beauty, however, and news, too, we consider the Altoona *Tribune* and the Altoona *Times* ahead of either of them, with the *Tribune* ahead of the field.

—George Westinghouse, Jr., the Pittsburg millionaire, recently purchased lands aggregating 950 acres between Brinton and Wall station at a cost of $1,500,000. It is principally level meadow land. For what purpose the purchase has been made is not known and Mr. Westingbouse is not inclined at present to reveal his object. It is believed, however, that he intends to establish several extensive plate glass and steel manufacturing plants.

—From the Lock Haven *Express* of Thursday: "The Grand Jury yesterday afternoon considered the cases of Luther Shaffer, John Johnson, James E. Kline and "Essic" Kline, charged with the murder of Isaiah Culvey and Nora Culvey, his wife; and also with highway robberry. True bills were found against each of the men for the murder of Isaiah Culvey and also of Nora Culvey. True bills were found against each of them for robbery."

—The town hall in Millheim is to be enlarged and greatly improved. It will be made five feet higher than it is now. A handsome new platform, or stage, will be among the improvements. Paper, paint and other embellishments will ornament the interior. Then the Millheimers will be wonderfully proud of their new public hall and perhaps will plan some sort of dedicatory exercises of an imposing character.

Boiler Works Booming.

It is refreshing to hear of industries in our town that are fairly booming with superabundant prosperity; but such seems to be the actual facts with regard to the boiler works conducted by Mr. Maitland, in the building formerly used by Gordon & Landis as an implement warehouse. Mr. Maitland, in consequence of the rush of business, is individually kept busier than he has been before for twenty years, though he has always been accustomed to the most active and industrious application.

Orders come from near and far for work to be done by him, as those who seek his assistance are sure of having their work done well. This fact becoming known so soon is the testimonial of the thoroughness and mechanical excellence of the work done at the Maitland Boiler Works. The proprietor would secure more workmen, but finds it difficult to do so now as the demand for that kind of skilled labor is great.

He has only recently completed a 60-horse power boiler for the Valentine Ore Land Association which has been put in position and proved to be perfect. An order from Robert Hare Powell's extensive works at Houtzdale compelled him to send a gang of skilled employes there. Other orders from the Juniata Mining Company have occupied the time of a portion of the force, and extensive orders have been received from Saxton, where Robert Hare Powell Sons & Co. are operating, and which are equally pressing.

Then there has been the usual amount of inside work, and it is wonderful how much is constantly being done. Well directed efforts will, however, accomplish wonders. Mr. M. finds a very valuable assistant in his daughter, Miss Leona F. Maitland, who takes charge of the books and attends to many business details.

Bounding into Popular Favor

Only a few weeks ago the REPUBLICAN gave full particulars of the valuable invention made by Mr. John R. Bartruff. It is a two wheeled vehicle constructed on an entirely new plan. All the disadvantages of other two-wheeled vehicles are eliminated from this one, and it has all the merits of a regular four-wheeled carriage. It will be remembered that the important secret of safety and ease was solved by extending the springs, upon which the seat rests, forward onto the shafts and an equal distance in the the rear. The vehicle was given the name of Bartruff's Fairy Gig. Since then he has manufactured many more, with additional improvements and in every respect much handsomer. A company has been organized under the name, style and title of Bartruff, Bell & Co., and orders are being filled rapidly, and they are now being turned out at the rate of one each day, John had his gig at the Granger's picnic in Williams Grove. In a few days he will go to the Mt. Holly fair, which is the most extensive affair of the sort which occurs in New Jersey. He has received orders from some of the most eminent gentlemen in the State, including ex-Gov. A. G. Curtin, of this place, and Mr. B. K. Jamison, the banker, of Philadelphia. The company will make arrangements to manufacture the "Fairy Gig" at the rate of at least a thousand per year—perhaps many more, as the possibilities in this direction are at present simply incalculable.

The Pennsylvania Reserve Association to Meet.

The following communication has been handed us for publication. It will be read at the next meeting of Gregg Post, G. A. R.:

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23, '87.

Comrades:

The Pennsylvania Reserve Association has accepted the invitation of Fairmount Park Association to participate in the unveiling of the statue of our late Commander Gen'l George G. Meade, at Fairfount Park, Tuesday, October 18, 1887.

A meeting to complete the arrangements will be held at the Pennsylvania Reserve Post Room, Broad and Wood Streets, Philadelphia, Wednesday evening, October 5th.

The Association will assemble for parade, at the same place, at 12.30 p. m., Tuesday, October 18th, and it is earnestly hoped that all who can possibly attend will be there to do honor to the memory of one whom we all loved.

Uniform—Dark suit, fatigue cap.

By order,

ANDREW G. CURTIN, President.

CHILL W. HAZARD, JOHN TAYLOR, } Secretaries.

Visited by Burglars.

Some time during Friday night parties entered the handsome residence of Major Wm. F. Reynolds. They entered through an open window on the first floor. They went through the lower part of the house and departed by a rear door, taking with them sundry articles of silver and nearly all the victuals that were in the house. The most valuable part of the silverware was locked up securely, and it was the loose articles which fell into their possession. Among the articles of silverware were a half-dozen spoons, sugar tongs, and such pieces as are used regularly on the table. They also took a pair of shoes belonging to Major Reynolds. Nothing was heard of them by the occupants of the house, and it is quite certain that they did not venture up-stairs.

Legal Decision.

Judge Rowe, of Franklin county, recently filed on opinion in the case of a gentleman who was charged with illegally fishing in the Falling Spring after it had been stocked with trout by the Fish Commissioners. This case had been on the list for trial in March last, but the facts in it having been agreed upon by both parties it was submitted to Judge Rowe for a decision after argument on March 22nd last. The facts of it are that after trout had been placed in stream of water which flows through the gentleman's land in Guilford township, he had fished in the stream and caught several fish. His defence was that the State had no property in the stream as it was not navigable, that it belonged to him as well as his land, that if the State could take his waterway for stocking with fish it could also take his land for sowing it with grain; in short, that the act which made it a criminal offense for him to fish there was unconstitutional, and that at any rate, the name of the stream was not Falling Spring, and the fact of it having been stocked was not properly advertised. Judge Rowe's decision was that the defendant was not guilty. The effects of it will be, attorneys say, that any person can fish in any stream stocked with trout, etc., in this county, and, as far as the third section of the act of June 10, 1884 is concerned, make himself liable only for an action in trespass brought up by the owner of the land, if the owner gives permission streams on his property can be fished in despite of this fish law or police, provided no other fish law is transgressed.

Deafness Can't be Cured

by local applications, as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucus lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucus surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

—A representative of the American Electric Light Manufacturing Company of Philadelphia was in Philipsburg the other day and made a proposition to the borough council of that place to establish a plant of 500 arc lights complete, including ground, engines, dynamo, poles and wires ready for lighting, for $9,000. The plant will then be the property of the borough.

—A Tennessee farmer whose land was under mortgage and about to be taken away from him fell on his knees in the field in prayer. When he got up he seized the plow with a new grip, and gave the old mule a vigorous lick, and before he had gone twenty feet he turned up a jug with over $600 in gold and silver in it.

—The contract for rebuilding the burned store of A. B. Garth at Mill Hall has been awarded to Joseph Rodenbrode, of Lock Haven, who will begin the work at once. The new building will be 20x60 feet with a ware room 12x60. The main building will be two stories high and the second floor will be fitted up for a public hall.

—The very loud blasts which are exploded occasionally at the new Arcade building are somewhat dangerous if we may judge by the way the stones were hurled on Friday over the *Watchman* building and in front of the Bush House. They passed through the air without striking any windows or colliding with anyone's head.

—On Thursday the witnesses summoned to Lock Haven on the Culvey murder case were discharged by the court from further attendance during the present term. The trial has been postponed until a future court, which we believe will be a special term to be held in December.

—A new castle of Knights of the Golden Eagle will be instituted at Moerville, Huntingdon county, on October 13. It will be called Shaver's Creek Castle, No. 208. Centre Castle, No. 169, of Spring Mills, and Philipsburg, Castle, No. 193, of Philipsburg, will be present.

—S. A. Stover is making important improvements to his marble yard. The erection of a new walk from the street to the working room and a platform on which to display handsome monuments are among the changes which are taking place.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, [- - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Moist weather prevails.

—The moon is decreasing in brilliancy.

—The children are making jack-o-lanterns.

—The bright foliage on the mountains is glorious.

—Letter sheets are for sale at the Bellefonte post office.

—The afternoon train on the Lemont railroad made up 50 minutes time on Monday.

—There are several couples just ready to get married. Why dont they take the final step?

—Mr. Lee, of Fillmore, was among the many who spent part of Saturday in Bellefonte.

—The annual meeting of the Y. M. C. A., to elect officers, will be held next Friday evening.

—The iron girders for the new Arcade building have arrived and rapid progress will now be made.

—Chestnuts are very fine this year, and we do not want this statement to be considered a chestnut.

—Mr. William B. Miles, the merchant of Milesburg, is at present in the city purchasing a supply of new goods.

—Miss Arnold, who resides on Edwin street in Willimasport, is a guest at the home of Mr. Jacob Heylmun, on Curtin street.

—No man is completely dressed without pantaloons. Look in the window of the store of Fleming, the tailor, for the material.

—It was Mr. James A. McDermott, who pointed Mr. Jacob Valentine's stone residence and made it look as handsome as if new.

—Lloyd Reed was instantly killed on Saturday afternoon by an explosion in the stone quarry of Messrs. Keenan & Babcock, at Frankstown, Blair county.

—Rev. Mr. Zimmerman, a Presbyterian minister from Livermore, Iowa, who is visiting relatives in Bellefonte and vicinity, occupied the Presbyterian pulpit here on Sunday morning and evening. His sermons were very excellent.

—It rained on almost all the county fairs this year, but the Centre county fair was an exception. During the past eight or nine years it has not rained on any of the Centre county fairs; they always go inside when it begins to rain.

—We notice in the list of patents granted to citizens of this section that our townsman, W. R. Jenkins, is credited with the invention of a coal carrying car. Mr. Jenkins figures quite frequently in this list and his inventions are usually of an important and useful character. Bellefonte has reason to be proud of a gentleman possessing such inventive genius.

—At the recent State Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association, in Lancaster, a special committee of five was appointed to select a site for the establishment of a retreat some place in the mountains where the young men can spend a portion of their summer vacations at small cost. Of course, there are several lovely spots in this locality from which a selection might be made.

—Garman & Son's store is being heated by a process somewhat new in Bellefonte. It is by steam which is manufactured in a Florida Steam Boiler located in the cellar. The process of circulation and radiation through the store is similar to that of the regular steam heating system. Ed. Garman seems to be much pleased with it. We hear that Major Reynolds expects to heat his new bank building in the same way.

—The version of Uncle Tom's Cabin interpreted by Stetson's Double Monster Company which will exhibit at Humes' Hall, on Saturday evening, October 8, has met with the special approval of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, the immortal authoress of that world famous drama, from the fact of Manager Stetson's adhering strictly to the original text, which is complete deviation from the custom of other Uncle Tom managers, who interpolate so many attenuated gags, stale jokes and vulgar witticisms into their renditions that scarcely a vestige is left of the never-to-be-forgotten work.

—While at the corner of Spring and Linn streets on Friday the horse attached to Mr. Brooks' milk wagon met with an accident, which attracted more notice because of the part taken by a dog that always accompanies the wagon, in the effort made by the men to repair the damages. The horse fell down, breaking one of the shafts. An effort was made to elevate the animal to its feet, but the dog, which seemed to imagine that this was solely its duty, savagely attacked those who endeavored to aid the horse. When the men desisted from the attempt the dog would try to do it alone, running around the horse, barking savagely and biting at the horse's neck. At length, the animal was made to assume an upright position. Considerable excitement was caused by the event.

A MEMORIAL PULPIT.

THE ELEGANT AND COSTLY ARTICLE OF FURNITURE JUST PUT IN ST. JOHN'S P. E. CHURCH.

The congregation which worshipped in the Episcopal church on Sunday evening were doubtless surprised and pleased at the handsome new pulpit which occupied a place near the corner of the chancel platform. It seemed to be elegant and complete as it was, but in reality it was not quite entire on Sunday evening, but was used because of the presence of the Bishop, it being the cherished idea of those who presented it to the church that it should be in position for the use of the Bishop on his next visit. As is well known, the visit of Bishop Rulison was one week earlier than the time at first announced, hence the reason the pulpit was not complete.

The pulpit, when in its proper place, will be in the same position occupied by the old one. It will be elevated on an ornamental, panelled base. The pulpit is almost all of open brass work, with a frame of butternut wood. The frame corresponds with the pews of the church and the open brass work with that of the chancel rail. The height of the base will be exactly eight inches higher than the chancel platform and there will be but one step from it into the pulpit. A brass railing will extend along the left side of the pulpit platform.

Its chief beauty is in the design of the ornamental brass work, which becomes more interesting on a closer inspection. We are informed that it is entirely unique and the handsomest of the kind to be found anywhere. Engraved on the polished frame at the top are the words: "To the Glory of God; In Memory of Louisa Garman; Born Nov. 15, 1834; Died August 4, 1886." This inscription is sufficient to explain that it is a memorial made by Mr. Daniel Garman and family to the late Mrs. Garman, who was a devoted member of the church. The principal figure in front is an eagle, being the emblem of Saint John. On each side is the *fleur de lis*. All of the open work is emblematic. It is beautifully polished and exquisitely finished; adding to the interior beauty of an already beautiful church edifice.

In this connection, we cannot too strongly commend the custom of dedicating such memorials to the sainted dead. It is so much more appropriate than to place handsome monuments in cemeteries to crumble to dust. The memorials in churches are suggestive and instructive to the living, while they perpetuate in a most appropriate manner the memory of those who have gone before. There is no higher duty or privilege than to make glorious in this manner the House of God, which is the very gate to Heaven.

The Student Astonishes His Teachers.

On Saturday afternoon, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock, two well known marksmen of Bellefonte, Arthur Taylor and Clem Bamford, took one Dr. J. D. Geissinger (a student in glass ball shooting) out to shoot glass balls. The Doctor is a tooth extractor and hence is not supposed to know much about handling a gun. The balls were to be thrown from Theodore Deschner's rotary trap. At about 3.30 o'clock the trap was made permanent by its own weight, and at or near that time Marksman Taylor began to break the glass balls, breaking eight of the ten. Bamford followed and almost equalled Taylor's score. Then the half-frightened student was put to the shooting point, gun in hand, and only by force could they hold him to the point of fire, both inwardly chuckling to themselves at the great joke they would have on him when his failure to break a ball should be proven. But some kind providence came to his rescue and after five clean misses the smoke began to puff out of the balls as they ascended into the air until four straight balls were skillfully broken. After counting the number of loaded shells the captain (Bamford) announced that but sixteen remained and that the three should have five shots apiece, score to be published, which was agreed upon. The student was the first to shoot which he did hesitatingly and only because his superior officers commanded him to do so. The following score was made:

Student	1	1	1	1	—5	out	of	five
Taylor, Ex-Captain	1	1	0	1	—4	"	"	"
Bamford, Captain	0	0	1	1	0—2	"	"	"

—The State Board of pharmaceutical examiners was in session this week at the Monongahela House, Pittsburg. There are over 7,000 druggists and drug clerks in the State and rather more than 2500 drug stores. Only about one third have thus far been registered. Under the terms of the act organizing the Board those who were in business on the 15th of August, 1887, will be registered upon application within ninety days, and those not in the business prior to that time must be examined for registration. A failure to register within ninety days by those already in necessitates an examination after thatdate.

—As soon as the people of Lock Haven learned that Bellefonte was to have an Uncle Tom's Cabin entertainment they, too, became absolutely frantic to have the same. At last they have secured it for Friday evening, October 7, and a smile of exultation is seen on each citizen's countenance at the prospect of having such a new and novel drama. With proper efforts Renovo may get the same, in which event we advise public-spirited citizens of Renovo to treat the visiting dramatic company to a skating rink exhibition. Perhaps many of the visitors are not familiar with that amusement.

A Wonderful Affair.

BARNUM'S GREAT AND GLORIOUS EXHIBITION.

To understand properly what an enormous show P. T. Barnum has organized this year one must reflect upon the exhibition as last seen when every one said it was entirely too large. Then think of the additions made since, involving an outlay of over half a million dollars; why it is almost beyond the comprehension of a person. As now constituted the shows consist of 7 advertising cars in advance, upon each of which are 30 men, or 210 in all. There are over 24 advance agents of various kinds. With the shows are 800 people, and included in the latter are 300 performers. There are 28 tents, the largest 585 feet long and 350 feet wide, 2 of 300 feet each in length, and 2 of 200 feet, 1 of these is occupied as an elephant pavilion, containing a herd of elephants, clown elephants, and various animals in leash. There are stables containing 500 draught horses and 115 ponies, and over 100 performing horses, besides 32 camels, etc., etc. There is a tent in which the museum is placed, with giants, dwarfs, skeletons, fat people, armless and legless people, bearded women, long-haired women, etc., and others containing the wonderful hairy family from Burmah, King Theebaw's mascots; Captain Paul Boyton's aquatic performances in a specially constructed lake of clear water; the flying gymnasium; the reproduction of Jumbo, the big ivory boned skeleton; Alice, Jumbo's widow; a troupe of Arabs' etc., etc. Another with 3 rings, and elevated stage, and the great Roman hippodrome, with its glorious races, and so on. It requires 79 railroad cars to move all this material, including two double menageries, with 65 cages of rare birds, beasts, and sinewy reptiles, and 33 golden carved chariots. The parade is a grand affair, and will represent $1,500,000 worth of valuable objects, covering over a mile of ground, and will take place on Friday morning, October 14.

Services in the Episcopal Church.

The presence in Bellefonte of Rev. Bishop N. S. Rulison was exceedingly pleasant to all who attended St. John's P. E. church on Sunday. The confirmation service was held in the morning at 10.30 o'clock, there being eight candidates for that rite. This was followed by a sermon, the text of which consisted of those tender and beautiful words in Isaiah 32:2, "And a man shall be as a hiding place from the wind, and a covert from the tempest; as rivers of water in a dry place, as the shadow of a great rock in a weary land." The sermon was full of comforting truths beautifully expressed. Its design was to teach the insufficiency of all earthly things to satisfy the desires of the soul, and the sufficiency which may be found in Christ. The speaker combatted the eroneous doctrine which he found in his copybook when he was young, viz., that man is the architect of his own fortunes. Circumstances often intervene to frustrate our plans. The lives of few are as their early aspiration pictured them. We build with the materials which God supplies. Holy Communion followed the sermon, the number of communicants being unusually large.

In the evening Bishop Rulison again delivered the sermon from St. Matthew 20:22, "We are able." The construction he would place on the words is different from that generally given to them. Among all the replies to the questions of Jesus he regards this as one of the grandest. Pride is to be candemned and humility is a virtue, but there is Christian boldness which is most praiseworthy, of which this was an example. Enthusiasm in Christian life is needed to a greater extent. It is repressed by fashionable society, which considers it in bad form to become enthusiastic about anything. More earnestness in the services would be the result of such enthusiasm. Let us be more natural, have greater faith. Remember that each one has a duty to perform. The Sunday-school teacher is performing a greater work than did Michael Angelo when he carved an angel from the unshapely marble.

The Bishop's manner is attractive, his voice rich and melodious, language choice and fluent and illustration beautiful and strong.

—Winter is coming and the necessaries and comforts of life are rapidly increasing in price. Coal is mounting upward rapidly and the cause is assigned to labor strikes in the coal regions Potatoes, too, show an increase in value, and each time the markets are corrected they are marked higher in price. This is, doubtless, good news to farmers who have them for sale, but is not so gladly received by the poor people who reside in towns and are compelled to purchase them.

Don't Loaf in Front of the Church.

The habit of loafing in front of the Methodist church on Sunday evenings has become so prevalent as to constitute it a nuisance. I hereby give notice that if this practice is continued I will arrest the offenders.

H. H. MONTGOMERY,
Chief of Police.

BOROUGH LEGISLATION.

HOW THE TOWN IS MANAGED BY THE NEW MEMBERS OF COUNCIL.

That honorable body, the borough council, held a regular meeting on Monday evening, President Will Hillibish in the chair. Several visitors were present.

The first one to arise and address the council was Mr. James Harris. It was on a question of water tax against an unoccupied property and was referred to the Water committee. Kyle McFarlane was the second speaker. Having dug the trench from the site of his new house to the water pipe he wants the privilege of tapping it. His request was referred to the Water committee.

Mr. Wilmer L. Malin requested the privilege to locate telephone poles on streets and alleys at places where they will not inconvenience the public or be detrimental to private property. His request was put in hands of the Street committee and a resolution was adopted giving him the privilege requested, providing that council reserve the right to remove such poles at any time.

Mr. A. Lukenbach presented a petition, both written and oral, for a boardwalk along the old Burnt Mill road for the convenience of children who attend school. The council answered that the road is not suitable for a boardwalk and that the expense would be too great.

Then a petition from the Undine Hose Company was read. It modestly requested the council to provide carpet, hose, etc. The requests was put in the hands of the Fire and Police committee, with instruction to report at next meeting.

A communication from Mrs. Bush objected to a telephone pole near her private residence on Spring street.

The street committee, through Mr. Brockerhoff, reported the improvements to Bishop street near Mr. Heinle's property. The work of building boardwalks along Linn street is proceeding slowly.

The Water committee was heard through Mr. Brew. The Fire and Police and Nuisance committees were silent, but the Market committee came up serenely with $7.60 market fees

It was moved and seconded that no more work be done on the streets or to the water pipes except what is already begun. This motion elicited various comment and was finally carried.

Mr. Stover made a great number of suggestions, among them that of the propriety of taxing telephone and electric light poles. This was referred to the proper committee. The attention of the council was also called to the water extension to Spangler & Gephart's new property, which is not on the tax duplicate, also to the fact that two other parties are using water from the pipe.

The fact was called to the attention of council that parties use the water very freely for building purposes and do not pay tax. A provision will probably be made for this.

Arbor Day.

After reciting at length the reasons for and the importance of Arbor day, E. E. Higbee, state superintendent of public instruction, thus concludes:

"Therefore, to carry out more fully the intent of the proclamation of Arbor Day, by his excellency, Governor Beaver, by securing the united efforts of our schools—a very large proportion of which were not in session at the time of tree planting in the spring—we hereby appoint Friday, October 21, as an autumn school Arbor day, and earnestly urge upon school superintendents, teachers and officers throughout the State the propriety of using every effort to forward this important work, employing such means as their good judgment may direct. We further request that they secure a full report of work done, in order that the record thereof may be preserved permanently among the school documents of the commonwealth."

—Mr. Thomas Lucas, formerly of Howard, but who has spent the past summer in Bellefonte assisting Mr. Bond Valentine in the insurance business, departed on Saturday for Howard, where, during the fall and winter he expects to teach school, beginning Monday. While Mr. Lucas was in town he made many acquaintances, by all of whom he is held in high regard for his pleasing and social qualities and high intelligence. We have no doubt his school will be a model.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has decided to advance its rates of coal at the mine to meet the recent advance made by the Reading. The retail dealers have agreed upon an advance, which took effect on Monday, the new prices being $6, $6.25 and $6.50 per ton, the last price being for the very best article in the market. The suspension of work in the Lehigh region keeps the other collieries very busy, and as the indications are that the strike will be protracted the coal market is very strong.

—Repairs of quite an extensive character are being made to the Sunday-school room of the Episcopal church. The excavation outside has been completed and the floor has been raised. This should remove all dampness. The heater has been removed and the room will be heated by steam. The pulpit platform has been changed from the south side of the room to the east side and the pews, or seats, changed to correspond. Paint will add to the brightness and cheer of the room. At a later date reversible seats will be added to the furniture of the room.

Personal Pencilings.

Governor Beaver was in Pittsburg on Tuesday.

Adjutant General Hastings arrived in Bellefonte on Friday evening.

Mrs. Fisk, of Lock Haven, is a guest at the home of John G. Love, Esq.

Mrs. Richard Haupt, of Altoona, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Kane, on Howard street.

Mrs. Chas. F. Cook and her young son went to Clearfield Co. Friday morning to visit relatives.

We understand that Gen. Simon Cameron will arrive in Bellefonte to-day at 10.35 o'clock a. m.

Miss Carrie Redding, of this place, has returned home from Gettysburg, where she was visiting friends.

Mr. S. Q. Mingle, a merchant of Williamsport, has been elected President of the American Telephone company.

Miss Dunn, who has been a guest at the home of the Misses Benner, departed on Tuesday for her home in Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Dillon, of Braddock, Pa., and her sister, Miss Maggie Cooney, of this place, have returned from a two-weeks visit in New York City.

Mrs. James Harris, of Philadelphia, a queenly and handsome lady, formerly Miss Lou VanTries, of this place, is now visiting relatives in Bellefonte.

Mrs. John C. Shaffer and family, of Richmond, Va., who have been visiting in Bellefonte, departed Tuesday morning at 10.30 o'clock for their home.

Mr. E. H. Marshall, a man about thirty years of age, residing near Fillmore, had one of his hands terribly mutilated one day last week in a threshing machine.

Rev. J. F. DeLong, of Lewisburg, formerly the pastor of the Reformed church in this place, is visiting friends in Kansas, the Empire State of the West.

Mrs. Holliday, of this place, after a five weeks' visit in Philipsburg, with her friend, Mrs. Parker, is at home again. She enjoyed herself very much and was greatly benefited by the change and recreation. She expects to renew her visit in Philipsburg in a few weeks.

District Attorney James B. Coryell, of Williamsport, is to be married on the evening of the 11th of October to Miss Mary Blanchard Mayer, daughter of President Judge Mayer, of Lock Haven. The ceremony will occur in the Presbyterian church in Lock Haven.

Mr. W. R. Pryor, manager of the telephone service in Altoona, has acquaintances here who will be interested to know that he has withdrawn from his position in that place and is at present in Williamsport. He will proceed from that city to New York from whence he will sail on Friday for Sydney, New South Wales, to remain there during the next three years.

E. H. Long, a former partner in Kauffman & Co's store in Millheim, has opened a store of his own at Farmers Mills. Mr. Long is an excellent business man and has a well-stocked storeroom. It will certainly repay the people of that vicinity to trade with him, as they will be sure to obtain good goods and to get advantages which the experienced merchant understands how to obtain for them.

Mr. John Musser, of McFarlane's hardware store, will departed for California on Tuesday evening, expecting to locate in Los Angeles. En route, he will stop for a short time in Missouri, to visit friends. We know of no one better calculated to succeed, any place, than Mr. Musser, and while it is a loss to any community to part with such an excellent young gentleman, we wish him the highest degree of success in his new home.

Mr. Roberts and family, of Pittsburg, who have been occupying Mr. Robert Valentine's fine mansion during the summer, departed Thursday for their home in what is known as the Smoky City (though it is not so smoky now as it used to be). Mr. Roberts has been here only occasionally in that time. His family made a very pleasing addition to the social circles of our town during their stay, and we were pleased to learn from Mr. Roberts that they, in turn, have been pleased with Bellefonte.

Death of Mrs. Solt.

Mrs. Margaret A., the wife of Mr. David Solt, died on Monday, September 26, at her husband's home at Houserville. Her death was caused by brain fever, with which she suffered about two weeks. Her husband and one child survive her. The age of the deceased was 24 years, 11 months and 1 day.

Mrs. Solt's maiden name was Margaret Alice Klinger. She was a most interesting and estimable young woman who will be greatly missed by many acquaintances and in the household which was so blessed by her presence. The bereft husband and motherless child have our hearty sympathy.

Rev. J. H. Welch officiated at the funeral services which were held at Shiloh church about three miles this side of Lemont. The circumstances gave to the event a more than ordinary solemnity and touching sadness.

The System Tested.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE HEATING AND VENTILATION OF THE NEW SCHOOL BUILDING.

It has always given us pleasure to be able to give to the public any information we were able to obtain in relation to the heating and ventilating system put into the new school building on Bishop street. Yesterday we were called upon to accompany E. O. Loveland, who was here for the purpose of making an examination and testing the working of the system. Mr. Loveland is the representative of Smead, Wills & Co., from whom the apparatus was purchased, and had with him an "Anamometer." With this instrument he measured the velocity with which the air comes in and passes out of each room. With this test there can be no doubt any longer as to the complete success and great utility of the whole system of heating and ventilating the spacious building. The fresh warm air, or the cool air, just as you desired, came into the High School room at the rate of 1580 cubic feet per minute, and of course it passed out at the same rate. This room contains about 22,638 cubic feet. At the rate air comes in and passes out of this room the entire atmosphere of room is changed at least once every fifteen minutes. Each of the other six rooms being only half as large as the High School room the average number of cubic feet of air coming in and passing out each minute is 784, making an entire change in the air of each room four times in an hour. On the west side of the building the air moves through the vault at the rate of 6,664 cubic feet per minute and on each side at the rate of 7,116 per minute. At this rate there rushes through these vaults from 360,000 to over 400,000 feet of dry warm air every hour. The air that pours through the vaults thence out the large flues on each side of the building has already accomplished the two-fold purpose of warming and ventilating the rooms above. All air comes in through the heating chamber and passes out under the floors, and by this means the floors are kept warm.

To the citizens of the town this system of heating buildings was entirely new and at the time the Board determined to put it in the new school building many had their doubts about its success and looked upon it as too much of an experiment to be placed into a public building. The results so far fully justify the action of the Board. They always felt confident that a system of heating and ventilating which had been used so long in many of the largest public buildings with success was no longer an experiment but a reality.

We shall watch with much interest the workings of the system the coming winter, and we here and now not only suggest but invite all our citizens to visit the schools and make an examination for themselves of the manner of heating and ventilating the building. We can assure them that they will find school rooms in which 50, 60 and 70 pupils have been for three hours, with windows and doors closed, and the air as pure inside the rooms as it is on the outside of the building.

Mentions About Mt. Eagle.

People at Mt. Eagle say that some residents of that place have a queer and very objectionable way of getting flour.

"Baldy" is in the eel business.

There was a social hop Wednesday evening at Mr. Richards'. Messrs. Bong and DeErmott furnished the music.

Mr. John Leathers' axe handle factory is prospering and the business is growing.

Mr. Neff is busy cutting logs. He expects his saw mill in a few days.

—We have thus far omitted to make mention of the death of the Hon. Tom Armstrong, which occurred in Pittsburg on Sunday. Mr. Armstrong is known throughout the State in connection with his advocacy of the labor interests. He has been in Bellefonte and is known here. He was justly distinguished because he was a man of strong parts and great decision of character. A few years ago he was the candidate of the Greenback-Labor party for Governor, making an honorable canvass. His funeral occurs in Pittsburg to-day.

Church Dedication.

The remodelled church edifice of the Lutheran congregation at Pine Grove Mills will be dedicated on Sunday, the 16th, services both morning and evening. Rev. J. H. Menger, of Philadelphia, will preach the dedicatory sermon. He will be assisted in the services by Rev. S. E. Furst.

DIED.

MUSSER.—Mrs. Louisa, wife of Noah Musser' of cancer, near Fillmore, on the 29th of September, aged 57 years and 5 months. Services by J. H. Welch.

SOLT.—At her home in Houserville, on Monday, September 26, 1887, Mrs. Margaret A., wife of David Solt, of brain fever, aged 24 years, 11 months and 1 day. Services by Rev. J. H. Welch.

MARRIED.

MANN—GARDNER.—At the Evangelical Parsonage, Centre Hall, September 28, by Rev. J. M. King, John A. Mann to Miss Debbie Gardner.

HORNER—FLEISHER.—At the Evangelical Parsonage, Centre Hall, September 27, by Rev. J. M. King, Andrew Horner to Miss Carrie Fleisher, both of Tusseyville.

ISENBERG—WAGNER.—At the home of the bride's parents, near Martha, on September 28, 1887, by Rev. G. B. Ague, Mr. G. B. Isenberg, of Houtzdale, and Miss Jennie S. Wagner, of Worth township, Centre county.